



Catalog 604-5

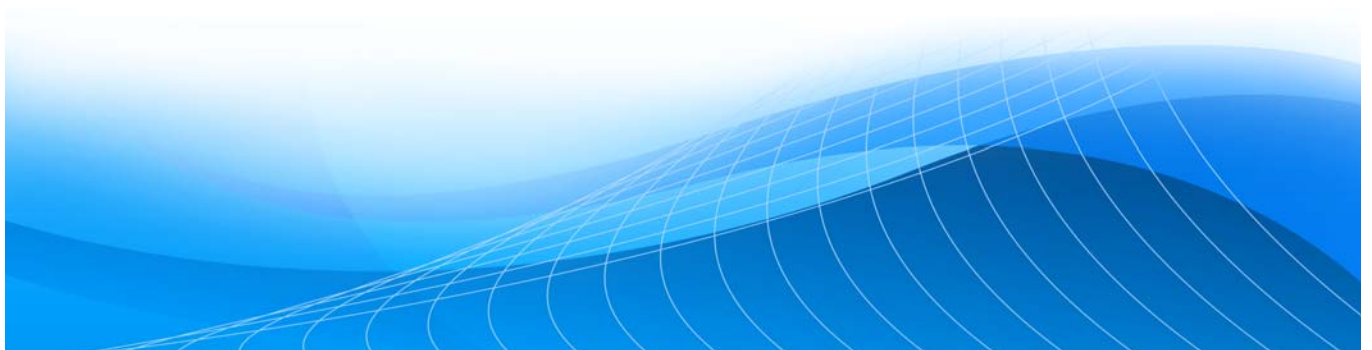
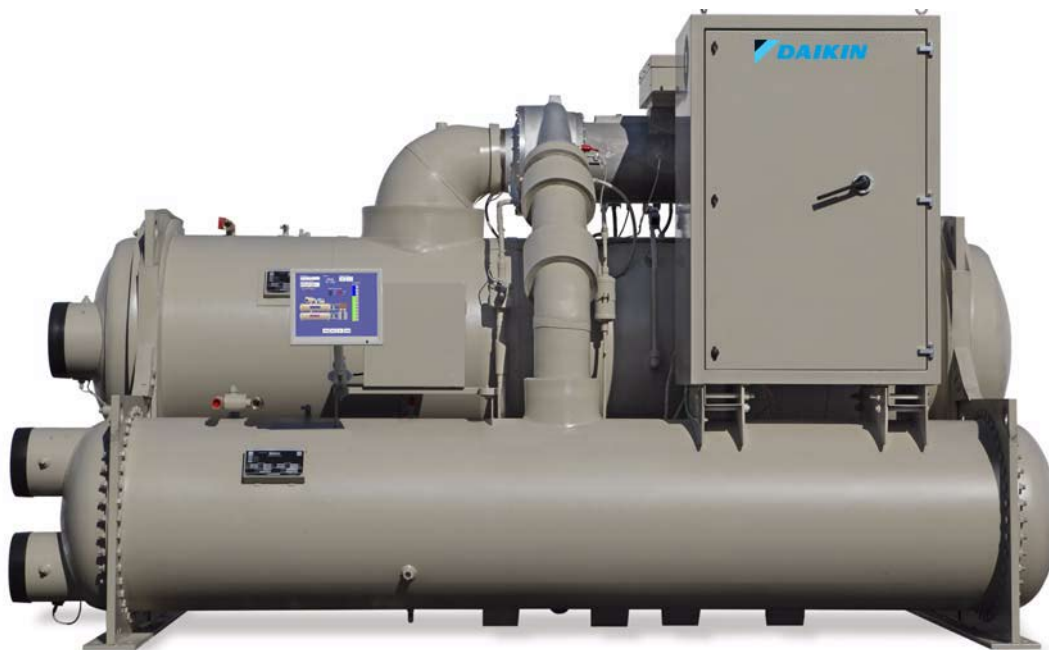
Magnitude™ Magnetic Bearing Centrifugal Chiller Model WME

400 to 700 tons (1400 to 2461 kW)

3/60/380-575

3/50/380-415

HFC-134a





Note: The unit shown is for the default configuration; your unit may be configured differently. Refer to your selection for configuration.

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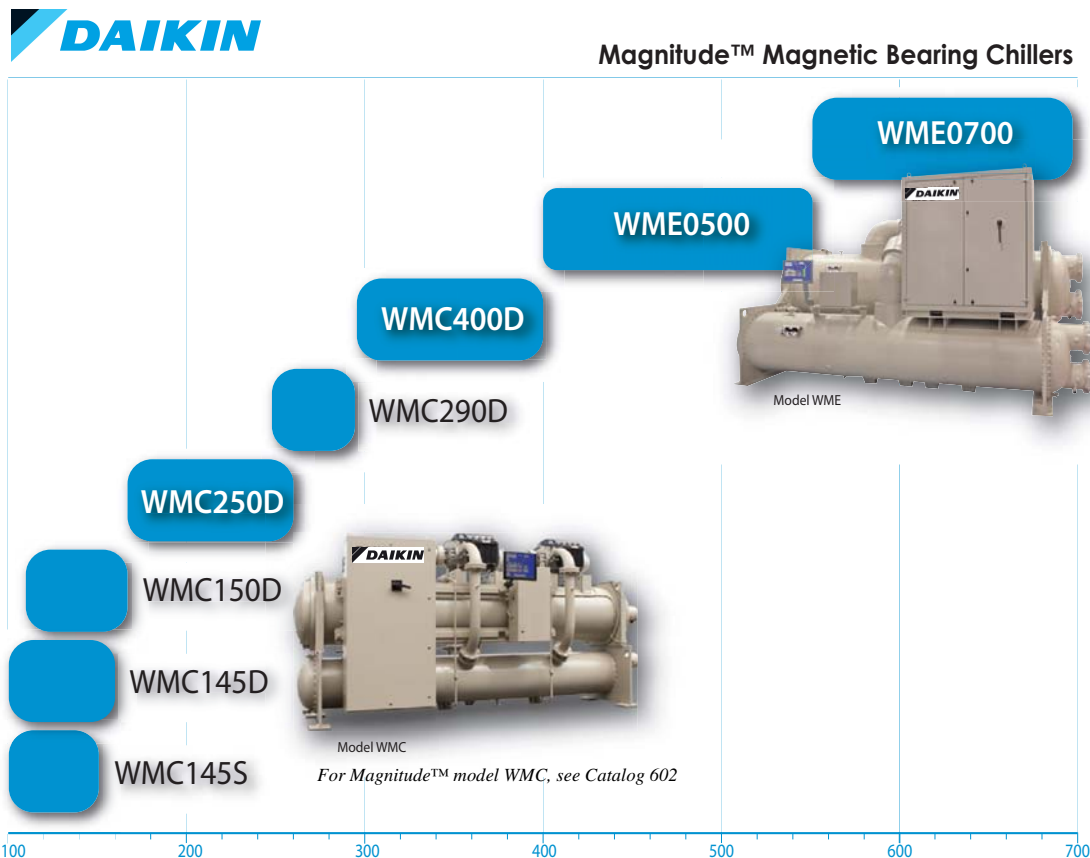
Manufactured in an ISO-certified facility



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Features and Benefits



Technology That Just Makes Sense

The newest member of the Daikin Magnitude™ Chiller family (Model WME) takes Magnetic Bearing Centrifugal Chillers to a new level. Building on the outstanding success of Magnitude model WMC, the newest Magnetic Bearing centrifugal chiller capitalizes on our 50 years of experience designing and manufacturing centrifugal compressor chillers. Magnitude model WME shares important features with its predecessors:

- State-of-the-art magnetic bearing compressor
- Magnetic Bearing oil-free technology
- Unit-mounted Variable Frequency Drive
- Positive pressure design
- Hermetic, permanent magnet, direct-drive motor
- User-friendly MicroTech® controls
- Open Choices™ feature for BAS of your choice
- R-134a refrigerant (Zero Ozone Depletion Potential)
- Onboard Refrigerant Containment
- AHRI certification

Benefit Summary

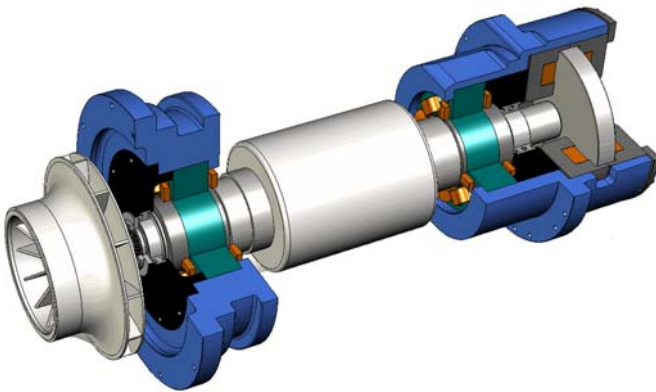
- **Lowest Energy Consumption** due to highest full and part load efficiency in its size range.
- **Sustainable Performance** assured for the operating life of the chiller. The positive pressure, oil-free design eliminates performance degradation due to non-condensables and oil contamination of the refrigerant.
- **Increased Reliability** Magnetic bearing design needs no oil management system, and has only one major moving part.
- **Enhanced Flexibility** Selectable shell and tube sizes ensures maximum heat exchanger flexibility to meet the flow and performance requirements of your application.
- **Quiet** Low sound level with virtually no structure-borne vibration eliminates the need for additional expensive sound attenuation accessories.
- **Smart Refrigerant Choice** The compressor is optimized for R-134a, a positive pressure refrigerant that has no phase-out schedule and no ozone depletion - a green solution.
- **Smart Controls** Onboard digital electronics provide smart controls, incorporating a system of sophisticated self-diagnostic monitoring and controls.
- **Industry Leading Design** Learn more about potential LEED® points and optional Seismic certification [page 7](#).

The Compressor Technology

Cutting-edge magnetic bearing technology enables outstanding energy efficiency and reliable, long-life operation. The Magnitude chiller's exceptional efficiency is due to the direct drive magnetic bearing compressor technology. This design eliminates the friction inherent in traditional centrifugal compressors that can reduce efficiency.

A digitally-controlled magnetic bearing system replaces conventional lubricated bearings. The direct drive motor eliminates the need for a lubricated gear box and associated power losses. The frictionless compressor shaft is the compressor's only moving component, and it levitates on a magnetic cushion. Sensors at each magnetic bearing provide real-time feedback to the bearing control system.

Figure 1: Compressor Rotating Assembly



Low Operating Costs

The Magnitude chiller Integrated Part Load Value (IPLV) is extremely low when compared with any other chillers in this tonnage range - as low as 0.312. (See [page 6](#) for IPLV definition and discussion). There is a potential for significant energy savings at off-design conditions compared to fixed-speed chillers.

Sustainable Performance

All oil-lubricated chillers will deposit oil on heat transfer surfaces and eventually lose some efficiency. Since the Magnitude chiller uses a positive pressure refrigerant (HFC-134a) and has no oil, the industry-leading efficiency can be maintained for the life of the chiller. Additionally, over time negative pressure chillers (such as those using HCFC-123) may draw air and moisture into the system, which can significantly increase energy consumption.

Ultra-Smart Controls

It is only fitting that this revolutionary chiller design be matched with the advanced Daikin MicroTech® control technology to give you the ultimate in chiller performance and control. Our control design includes many energy-saving features and interface enhancements not found in any other unit controller system on the market today.

The chillers utilize digital control electronics to proactively manage unit operation and provide control of external chilled water and cooling tower pumps. The compressor runs at the minimum speed necessary to maintain cooling capacity and lift (which decreases with lower condenser water temperatures), thus minimizing energy usage over the entire range of operating conditions. The innovative design of the MicroTech E controller will help keep your chiller running efficiently... day in, day out, for years to come.

Extremely Low Vibration Levels

As a result of the magnetic bearings and low inertia design, the compressor vibration levels are extremely low, minimizing vibration that could be transmitted to the structure.

The unit is shipped with rubber waffle mounting pads. Spring vibration isolators are usually not required.

Low Sound Levels

Continuing the legacy of industry-leading sound levels, the Magnitude chiller has lower sound levels than comparably sized centrifugal chillers.

Oil-Free Design Benefits

Totally Oil-Free Operation = Greater Efficiency

With no oil to coat the heat transfer surfaces, a gain in heat exchanger efficiency can be realized.

No Oil Loss = Sustainable Performance

With no possibility of oil loss at light loads or due to worn seals, the original energy saving efficiency can be maintained for the life of the chiller.

No Oil Handling Equipment = Greater Reliability

With magnetic bearings operating in a magnetic electrical field instead of oil-lubricated bearings, the oil handling equipment is removed. No need for:

- oil pumps
- oil reservoirs
- oil coolers
- oil filters
- water regulating valves
- oil relief valves
- oil system controls, starter, piping, heaters, etc...

that are needed to maintain oil quality. These devices can be a fault source in traditional chillers, and removing them significantly increases unit and system reliability.

No Oil System = Reduced Maintenance Costs

With oil removed from the system, oil samples, oil changes, oil system maintenance, oil filter changes and leaks are eliminated.

Features and Benefits

Open Choices™ BAS Flexibility

The exclusive Open Choices feature provides seamless integration and comprehensive monitoring, control, and two-way data exchange using industry standard protocols LonTalk®, BACnet™ or Modbus™. Open Choices offers simple and inexpensive flexibility to use the Building Automation System of your choice without an expensive gateway panel. Open Choice Benefits include:

- Easy to integrate into your BAS of choice
- Factory- or field-installed communications module
- Integrated control logic for factory options
- Easy-to-use local user interface
- Comprehensive data exchange

Compliance with ASHRAE Std. 90.1

According to ASHRAE, chillers usually spend 99% of their operating hours at off-design conditions and most of this time at less than 60% of design capacity. Thus, the off-design efficiency of chillers is all-important.

ASHRAE Standard 90.1 was developed to assist owners and designers make informed choices on a buildings design, systems and equipment selection. Magnitude chillers can significantly exceed ASHRAE 90.1 minimum efficiency requirements.

IPLV/NPLV Defined

Part load performance can be presented in terms of Integrated Part Load Value (IPLV), which is based on AHRI standard rating conditions (listed above), or Non-Standard Part Load Values (NPLV), which is based on specified or job site conditions. IPLV and NPLV are based on the following weighting equation from AHRI 550/590:

$$IPLV \text{ or } NPLV = \frac{1}{\frac{0.01}{A} + \frac{0.42}{B} + \frac{0.45}{C} + \frac{0.12}{D}}$$

Using kW/ton, where:

- A = kW/ton (or COP) at 100%
- B = kW/ton (or COP) at 75%
- C = kW/ton (or COP) at 50%
- D = kW/ton (or COP) at 25%

Weighting

The percent of annual ton-hours of operation near the four rated load points are as follows:

- 1% of operating ton-hours in the bin range 93~100% load (represented by the rating at 100% load)
- 42% of operating ton-hours in the bin range 62~92% load (represented by the rating at 75% load)
- 45% of operating ton-hours in the bin range 37~61% load (represented by the rating at 50% load)
- 12% of operating ton-hours in the bin range 0~36% load (represented by the rating at 25% load)

Integrated Variable Frequency Drives

A Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) modulates compressor speed in response to load and evaporator/condenser pressure. VFD technology significantly reduces power input at part load operation and at lower than design ambient temperatures. When minimum speed is reached, moveable inlet guide vanes redirect the gas flow into the impeller.

The VFD can dramatically reduce annual energy costs when there are long periods of part load operation and/or low compressor lift (lower condenser water temperatures). The attributes of VFD drives produce one of the industry's most efficient single-compressor chillers based on the all-important IPLV value. See [IPLV/NPLV Defined](#) inset for details on the AHRI IPLV efficiency rating.

An additional benefit of a VFD is improved power factors that may help reduce power costs.

The use of a VFD on centrifugal chillers also provides an excellent method of reducing motor starting inrush-even better than "solid state" starters. Starting current can be closely controlled since both the frequency and voltage are regulated. This can be an important benefit to a building's electrical distribution system. Low inrush current at startup is also ideal for operation with backup or emergency power systems and can reduce the size of backup generators.

VFD Harmonic Considerations

The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) has developed a standard (IEEE519) that defines acceptable limits of site specific system current and voltage distortion. The designer may wish to consult this standard to ensure acceptable levels of harmonic distortion are maintained. The harmonic characteristics of the standard VFD drive (WME500 Motor Code M2) will be acceptable in the vast majority of applications without the use of additional costly harmonic filters or low harmonic drives.

WME Reduced Harmonic Options

The low harmonic drives (Motor Codes M3 for WME500 & M4 for WME0700) are guaranteed to meet the IEEE519 Total Demand Distortion limits if the Isc/IL ratio is greater than 20.*

An optional harmonic filter for the WME500 M2 VFD drive is available as a factory mounted option or as an accessory to be field mounting and wired. This harmonic filter is guaranteed to meet the IEEE519 Total Demand Distortion limits.*

If there are any question about drive harmonics consult your local Daikin Sales Representative.

*Daikin cannot take responsibility for electrical system imbalances or for other harmonic distortion sources within the chiller's electrical supply system.

Onboard Refrigerant Containment System

Pumpout systems are required on many jobs to collect and contain the refrigerant charge when access to internal chiller components is required for service. Magnitude condensers are designed to hold the entire unit refrigerant charge (<90% full

and at 90°F (32°C) ambient temperature). When service is required, the refrigerant charge can be pumped down into the condenser by compressor operation and use of a refrigerant transfer unit. Elimination of the cost and space requirements of an external storage tank is a significant Daikin advantage.

Unit Control Features

The Magnitude chiller control system consists of three major components: the unit control panel and the operator interface panel and the VFD power panel. The touch screen panel is on an adjustable arm so that it can be positioned comfortably for the operator. The control panel contains a USB port for downloading the unit's fault history, major parameter trends, and unit operating manual that is stored in memory.

By constantly monitoring chiller status and real time data, the MicroTech E controller will automatically take proactive measures to relieve abnormal conditions or shut the unit down if a fault occurs. For example, if a problem occurs in the cooling tower and discharge pressure starts to rise, the controller will automatically hold the load point and activate an alarm signal. A further rise in pressure will initiate compressor unloading in an effort to stay online. If the pressure continues to rise, the unit will shut off as a safety feature.

User-Friendly Touch Screen Panel

Operation simplicity was one of the main considerations in the development of the MicroTech E controller. The operator interface is a 15-inch, Super VGA color touch-screen monitor, mounted on an adjustable arm. Key operating parameters and setpoints are easily accessible.

For added convenience, the unit Operating and Maintenance manual is viewable on the touch-screen panel.

Figure 2: MicroTech E Home Screen



The MicroTech E controller's memory retains a record of faults and the time/date stamp. The controller memory (no batteries required) retains the fault history for troubleshooting and monitoring unit performance.

The MicroTech E controller can record and plot water temperatures, refrigerant pressures, and motor load in order to trend performance. These values can also be downloaded through a convenient USB port in the control panel, and

exported into a spreadsheet for further evaluation and record purposes.

MicroTech E Controller Increases Chiller Economy

Smart features that optimize operating efficiency have been incorporated into our MicroTech controls:

Cooling tower control-Analog outputs can optimize condenser water temperature by modulating the cooling tower fan and/or bypass valve VFDs. Digital outputs to cycle up to three tower fans are also available.

Direct control of water pumps- Digital output relays provide automatic lead-lag of the evaporator and condenser pumps, permitting pump operation only when required.

Chilled-water reset- Accomplished directly on the unit or remotely by resetting the leaving water temperature based on the return water temperature. Raising the chilled water setpoint during periods of light loads can dramatically reduce electrical consumption.

Demand limit control- Maximum motor current draw can be set on the panel, adjusted from a remote 4-20 ma signal, or set via the BAS interface using the Open Choices feature. This feature controls maximum demand charges during high usage periods.

Staging Options (Multiple Chiller Installations)- "The WME onboard chiller controls are designed to offer chiller staging and loading options for up to eight WME chillers on multiple chiller plant configurations. Contact the Chiller Applications department for more information on this capability."

Safe Power Interruption - In the event of a power failure, the compressor motor acts as a generator, providing power for the bearing control system during coast down. It also has a backup bearing system.

Quality Standards

AHRI Certification

We have an on-going commitment to supply chillers that perform as specified, and participate in the AHRI Certification Program. On-going performance verification of chiller capacity and power input plus AHRI certified selection output provide the owner with specified performance in accordance with the latest version of AHRI Standard 550/590.

LEED®

Building owners who wish to pursue Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED®) Green Building Certification, the performance of the WME may contribute points towards Energy and Atmosphere (EA) Credits 1 and 4.

Points earned for EA Credit 1 are awarded based on overall building efficiency. The great efficiency of the WME will contribute to the total points earned for this credit.

EA Credit 4 qualification is partially determined by tonnage and refrigerant quantity. Vessel stack and tube count selections

Features and Benefits

will affect the quantity of refrigerant in the chiller. Most WME configurations will qualify for EA Credit 4. Contact your local Daikin sales representative for more information.

IBC/OSHPD Seismic Certification

Daikin Magnitude Chillers have been tested and certified by an independent agency, experts in seismic analysis and design to meet IBC seismic and OSHPD pre-approval. Find more information about seismic requirements and HVAC

systems on the Seismic Information page of www.DaikinApplied.com.

Factory Testing

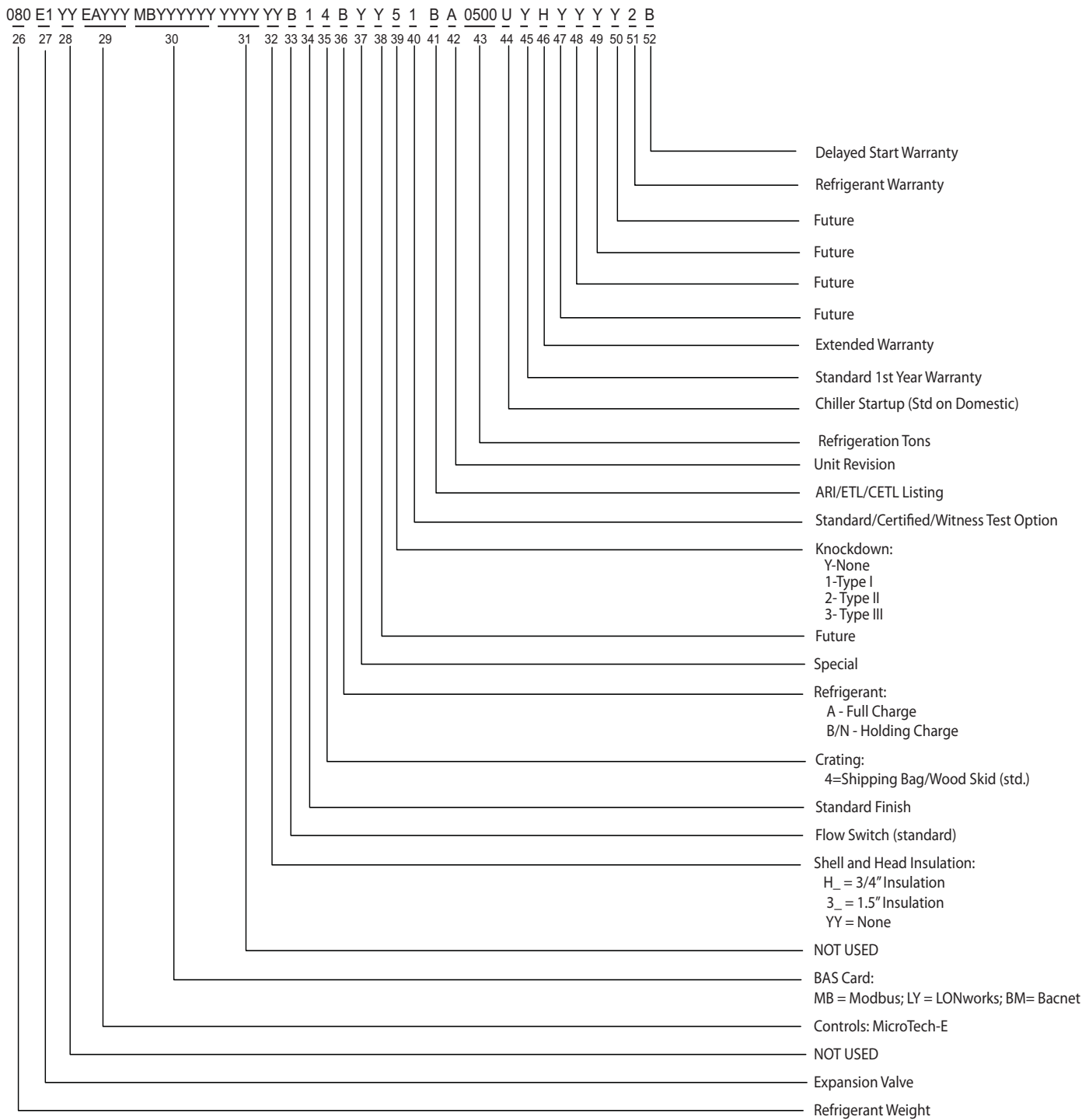
All of our centrifugal chillers (50 or 60 hertz) are factory-tested with water at specified job conditions on AHRI approved test stands. Operating and safety controls are checked for correct settings and operation. This testing helps reduce field start-up issues and maintain critical construction schedules.

Figure 3: Magnitude Code String Chiller Identification

	WME	0500S	S	M2	S	S	AAB	E3612	BE	2RA	C4	440	CC	Y	A	C3012	BYLL	2RA	C4	1050	CC	Y	A	A	134
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Water-Cooled Chiller	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Unit Size	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Single Circuit	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Motor Code	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • M2– Standard • M3– Low THD (WME0500) • M4– Low THD (WME0700) 	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Voltage Code, 3/60/480	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A – 3/60/ 440V • R – 3/60/460V • S – 3/60/480V • D-3/60/575 • F-3/50/380 • K-3/40/415 	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Sound Package	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Compressor Revision	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Evap: Size, dia (in) -length (ft)	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Evap Tubes: B=Count, E=Type	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
If code begins with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • B, C, D - 3/4" evaporator tubes • E, F, G - 1" evaporator tubes • J, K, M - Mixed evaporator tubes 	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Evap Heads: 2=Pass, R=Right, A=Conn, Type	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Passes: 1, 2, 3 Handedness: R-Right; L-Left Connection: A-Victaulic; B- Flanged; C/E-Marine Waterbox	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Evap Design Press: Ref=200 psi	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Waterside: C4=150 psi C5 =300 psi	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Leaving Water Temp (x 10)	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Evap Tube Sheet and Head Material	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
NOT USED	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Evaporator Revision	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Cond: Size, dia (in) length (ft)	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Cond. Tubes: Type and Count	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
If code begins with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • L, N, P - 3/4" evaporator tubes • A, B, C - 1" evaporator tubes 	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Heads: 2=Pass, R=Right, A=Conn, Type	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Passes: 1, 2, 3 Handedness: R-Right; L-Left Connection: A-Victaulic; B- Flanged; C/E-Marine Waterbox	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Cond Design Press: Ref=200 psi	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Waterside: C4=150 psi C5 =300 psi	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Max. Leaving Water Temp F (x 10)	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Cond. Tube Sheet and Head Material	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
NOT USED	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Compressor Revision	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
ASME Pressure Vessel Code	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Refrigerant	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Chiller Identification

Figure 4: Magnitude Code String Chiller Identification



Electrical Notes

Units are available for:

- 3ph 380V 50/60Hz
- 3ph 400V 50/60Hz
- 3ph 415V 50/60Hz
- 3ph 460V 50/60Hz
- 3ph 480V 50/60Hz
- 3ph 575V 60Hz

Wiring, fuse and wire size must be in accordance with the National Electric Code (NEC).

Important: Voltage unbalance not to exceed 2%.

Power Wiring

Use only copper supply wires with ampacity based on 75°C conductor rating. Connections to terminals must be made with copper lugs and copper wire.

Lug size range is: (3) 3/0 AWG - 500 kc mil.

Short Circuit Current Ratings

WME chillers are available with an optional High Short Circuit Rating (HSCCR) or Ultra High Short Circuit

Motor	Voltage	Standard Panel	Optional High SCCR	Optional Ultra High SCCR
3-Ph	380V-480V	35 kA	65 kA	100 kA
	575V	25 kA	50 kA	N/A
6-Ph	380V-480V	35 kA	65 kA	100 kA
	575V	N/A	N/A	N/A

Current Rating (UHSCCR) in lieu of the standard rating (SCCR) as shown in the above table.

Motor Designation

WME 500 motors are designated as M2 or M3.

- "M2 motors utilize 3-phase power and the unit VFDs performs similar to a 6-pulse drive and are suitable for most applications.
- "M3 motors utilize 3-phase power and the VFDs perform similar to a 12-pulse drive. They provide higher power for the higher tonnages and improved harmonics which will satisfy the requirements of the IEEE 519 Standard in most application.

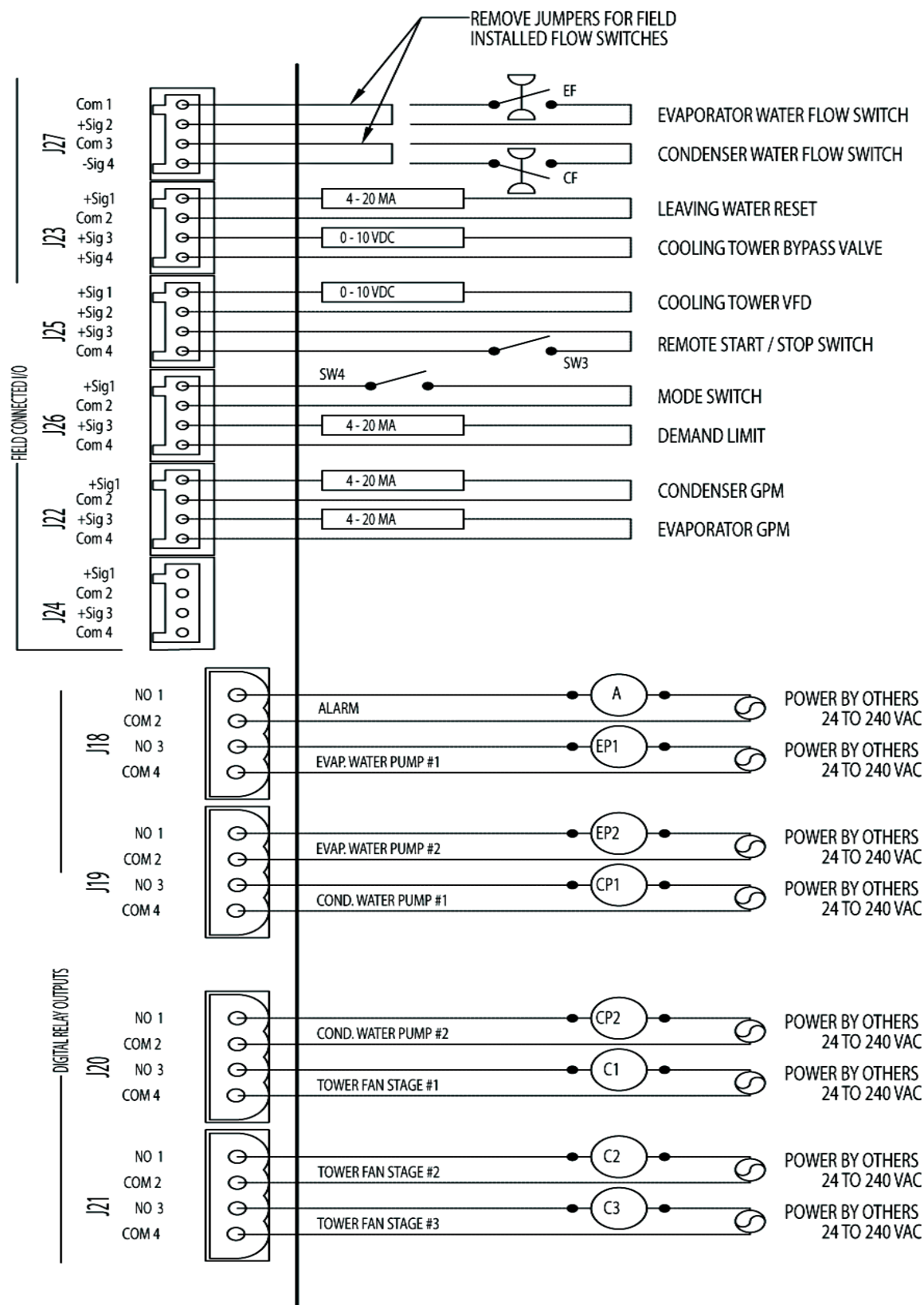
WME 700 motors utilize 3-phase power and designated as M4. The VFD performs similar to a 12-pulse drive.

Notes for field wiring diagram (page 12)

- 1 Optional Flow Switches;** If field supplied pressure differential flow switches are used, they must be installed across the vessel and not the pump. They must provide isolated dry contacts at J27. Removing the factory jumpers will correctly put the field switches in series with the factory switches..
- 2 CW Reset & Demand Limit;** External 4-20mA signals can be wired to J23 for leaving (chilled) water reset and to J26 for demand limit.
- 3 Tower Bypass Valve & Tower Fan VFD;** 0-10VDC analog output to these devices.
- 4 Remote On/Off Control** of unit can be accomplished by connecting a set of isolated dry contacts at J25.
- 5 Mode Switch;** Switch used for ice mode currently not available on WME chillers.
- 6 Condenser & Evaporator GPM;** Connections for 4-20 ma flow signal from field-supplied devices.
- 7 Alarm Relay;** A customer furnished 24 to 240 Vac power for alarm relay coil may be connected at J18. Maximum rating of the alarm relay coil is 25 VA.
- 8 Evap Water Pump #1 & #2;** A digital output for an optional customer supplied 25 VA maximum coil rated, chilled water pump relay, One or two may be wired as shown. This option will cycle the chilled water pump in response to chiller demand.
- 9 Cond Water Pump #1 & #2;** The condenser water pump must cycle with the unit. A customer supplied 25 VA maximum coil rated, condenser water pump relay (one or two) must be wired as shown. Units used in a free-cooling application must have condenser water above 50°F before starting.
- 10 Tower Fan Staging #1, #2 & #3;** Digital outputs for optional customer supplied 25 VA maximum coil rated cooling tower fan relays may be wired as shown. This option will cycle the cooling tower fans as prescribed by the tower control set points.
- 11 Terminal Locations,** The "J" terminals indicated on the wiring diagram are located in the top rear of the control panel under the control wiring knockouts.

Field Wiring Diagram

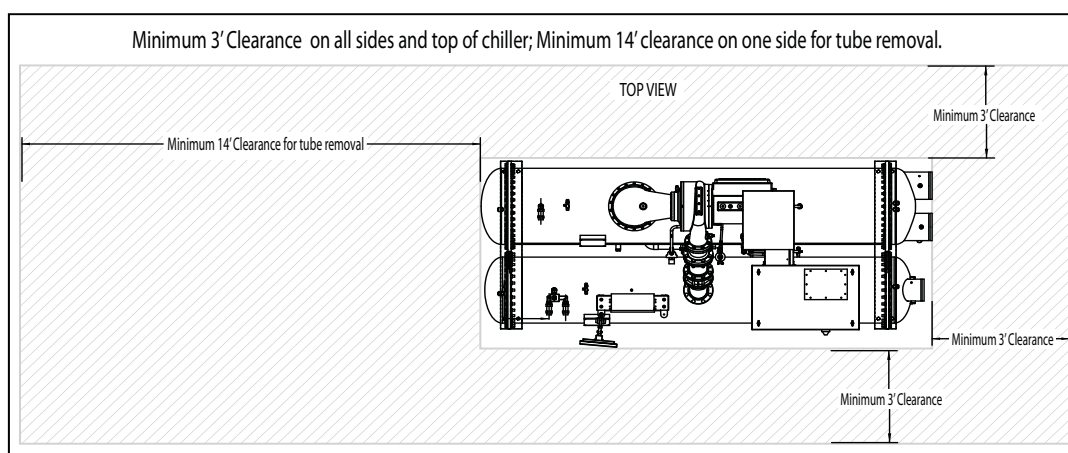
Figure 5: Field Wiring Diagram (See Field Wiring Notes on previous page.)



Drawing Notes

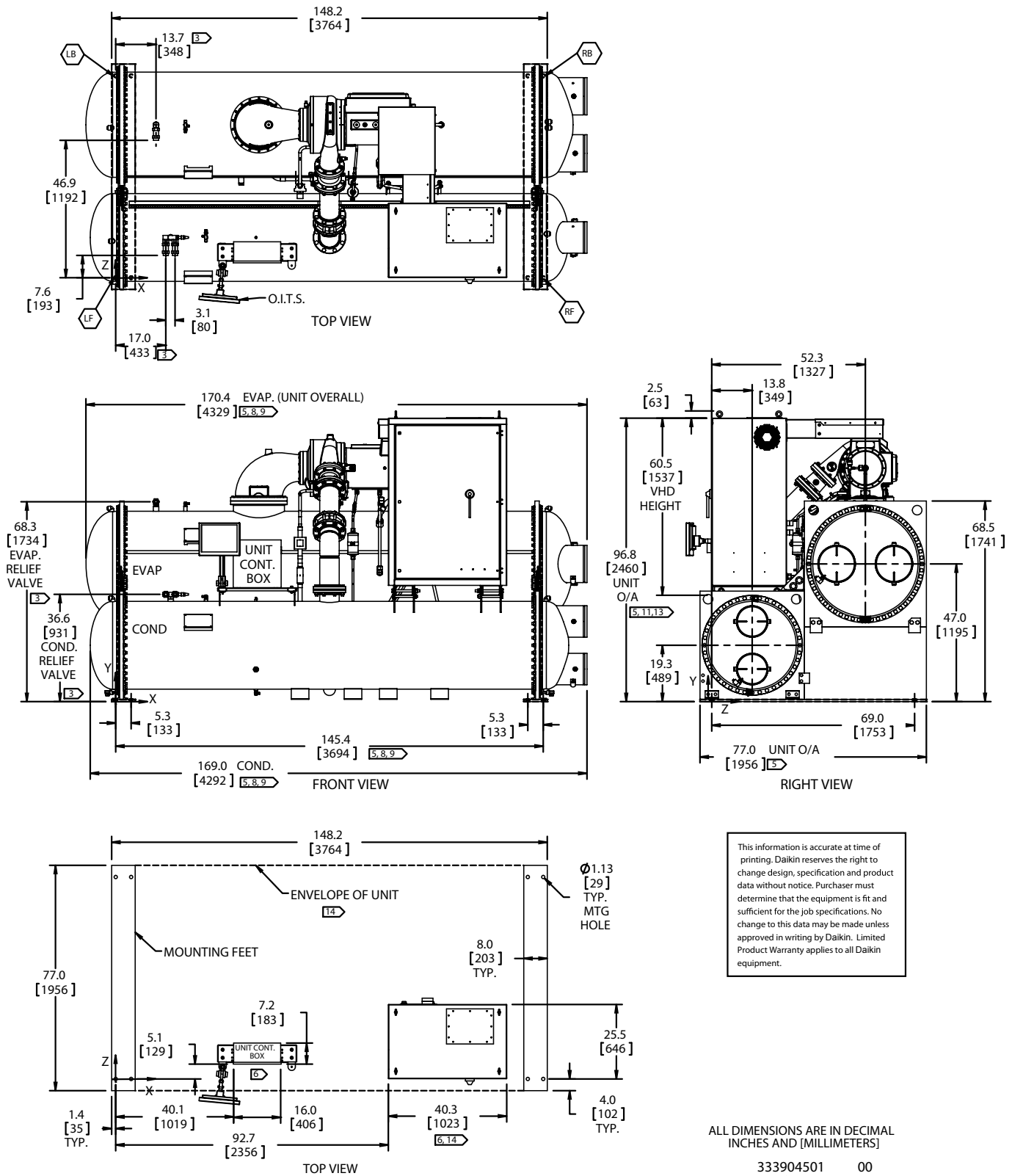
- 1 All dimensions are in inches [millimeters] unless noted otherwise.
- 2 Final connections must allow for 0.5 inch +/- (12.7mm) manufacturing tolerances.
- 3 1.00-inch FPT [25.4 mm] evaporator and condenser relief valves must be piped per ANSI / ASHRAE 15. Number of relief valves is 1 per evaporator and 2 per condenser.
- 4 .375 inch [9 mm] suction nozzle relief valve must be piped per ANSI / ASHRAE 15.
- 5 Minimum Clearances (See Figure 6):
 - Installation layout should be designed by qualified personnel familiar with local codes.
 - Allow a minimum of 3 ft. on all for sides and the top sides of chiller to allow for service access.
 - Provide a minimum of 3 ft. clearance in front of chiller starter panel or according to NEC or local codes.
 - Provide a minimum of 14 ft. clearance on one end of the chiller for tube removal.
- 6 Electric Panels- Most codes require 48 inches (1219 mm) clearance in front of control boxes and electrical panels. Check codes for your location.
- 7 3.25-inch [83mm] diameter lifting holes are provided. See installation manual IM 1033 (available on www.DaikinApplied.com) for lifting instructions.
- 8 All water connections are given in standard U.S. pipe sizes. Standard connections are suitable for welding or victaulic couplings.
- 9 Unit shown has standard right-hand water connections. Left-hand connections are available for either vessel. For right hand evaporator the inlet and outlet nozzles are reversed. ANSI-flanged connections are available upon request. When using ANSI-flanged connections add 0.5 inch [13 mm] to each flanged end.
- 10 Dimensions shown are for units (evaporator / condenser) with standard design pressures. The waterside design pressure is 150 PSI { 1034 kPa}. Consult the factory for unit dimensions with higher design pressures.
- 11 The unit vibration isolator pads are provided for field installation and when fully loaded are 0.250 inches [6 mm] thick.
- 12 These values are for units with standard wall thickness copper tubing only.
- 13 The shipping skid adds 4.00 inches [105 mm] to the overall unit height.
- 14 If main power wiring is brought up through the floor, this wiring must be outside the envelope of the unit.
- 15 The unit is shipped with an operating charge of refrigerant.
- 16 Optional marine water box connections are available upon request.
- 17 Units with M2 motors and the optional internal harmonic filter have a two-door power panel in lieu of the standard single-door.

Figure 6: Minimum Clearances



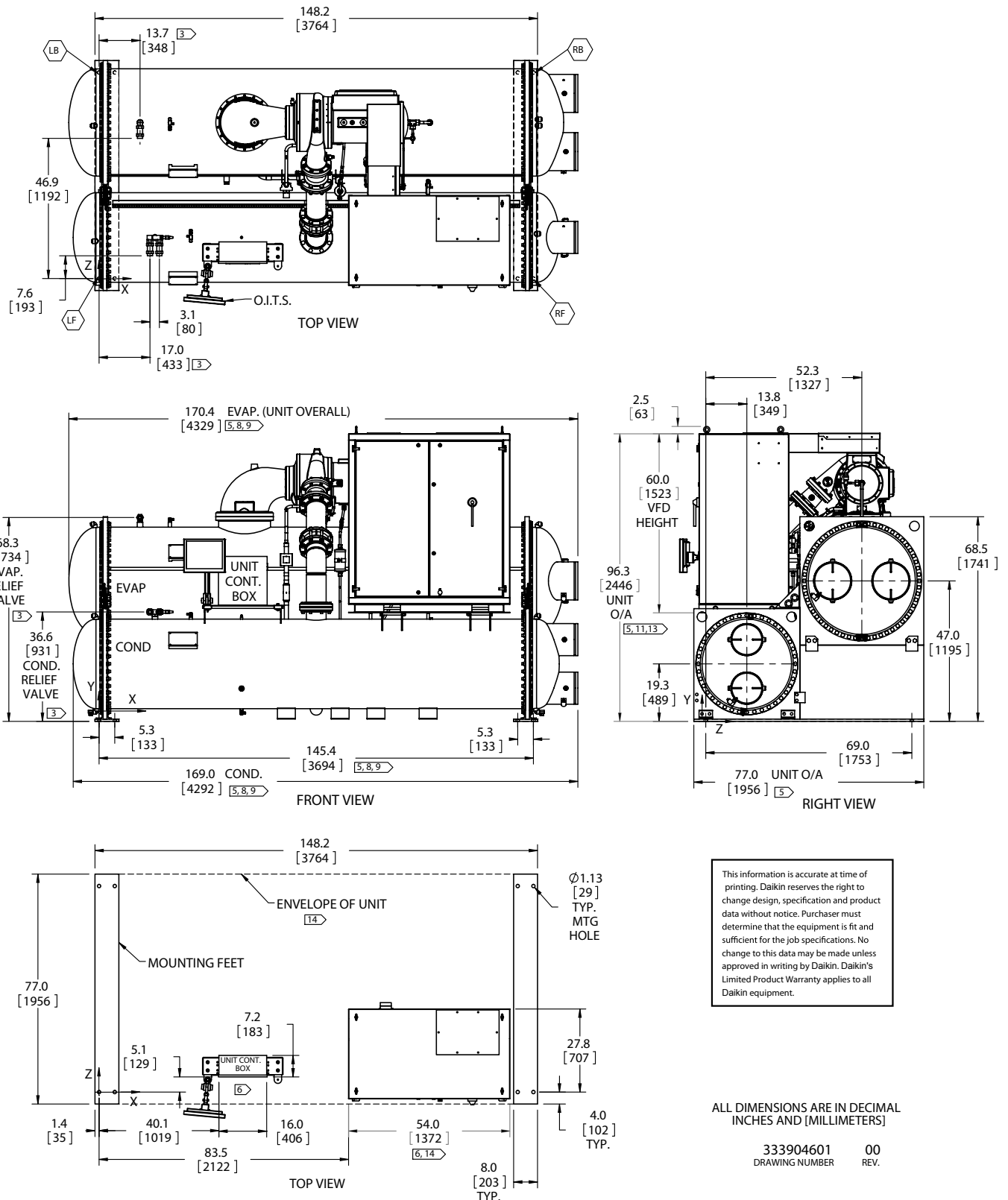
Dimension Drawings

Figure 7: WME500 - E3612/C3012 - 2-pass - M2 standard motor (60Hz - 440/460/480V) (See [page 13](#) for drawing notes.)



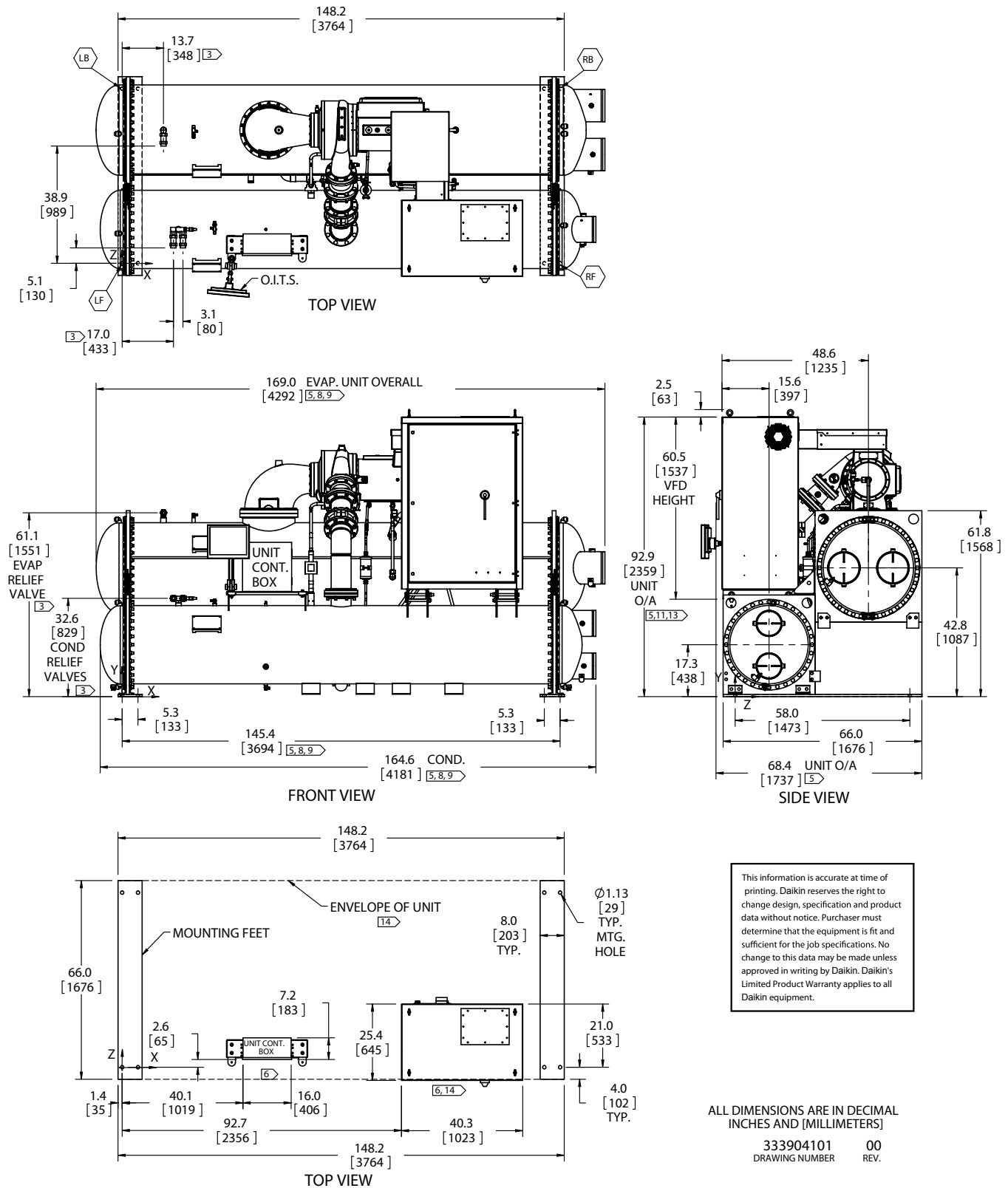
Dimension Drawings

Figure 8: WME500 - E3612/C3012 - 2-pass - M2 Motor (50Hz 380/400/415V - 60Hz 380/575V)
WME500 - E3012/C2612 - 2-pass - M2 motor (50Hz 380/400/460V) with Factory-mounted Harmonic Filter
WME500 - E3612/C3012 - 2-pass - M3 Low THD Motor (50Hz 380/400/415V - 60Hz 380/440/460/480/575V)
 (See [page 13](#) for drawing notes.)



Dimension Drawings

Figure 9: WME500 - E3012/C2612 -2-pass, M2 standard motor (60 Hz 440/460/480V) (See [page 13](#) for drawing notes.)



**Figure 10: WME500 - E3012/C2612 - 2-pass M2 Standard motor (50Hz 380/400/415V) (60Hz 380/575V)
WME500 - E3012/C2612 - 2-pass M3 Low THD motor (50Hz 380/400WME/415) (60Hz 380/440/460/480/575V)
WME500 - E3012/C2612 - 2-pass M2 Standard Motor (60HZ 380/460V) with Factory-mounted Harmonic Filter**
(See [page 13](#) for drawing notes.)

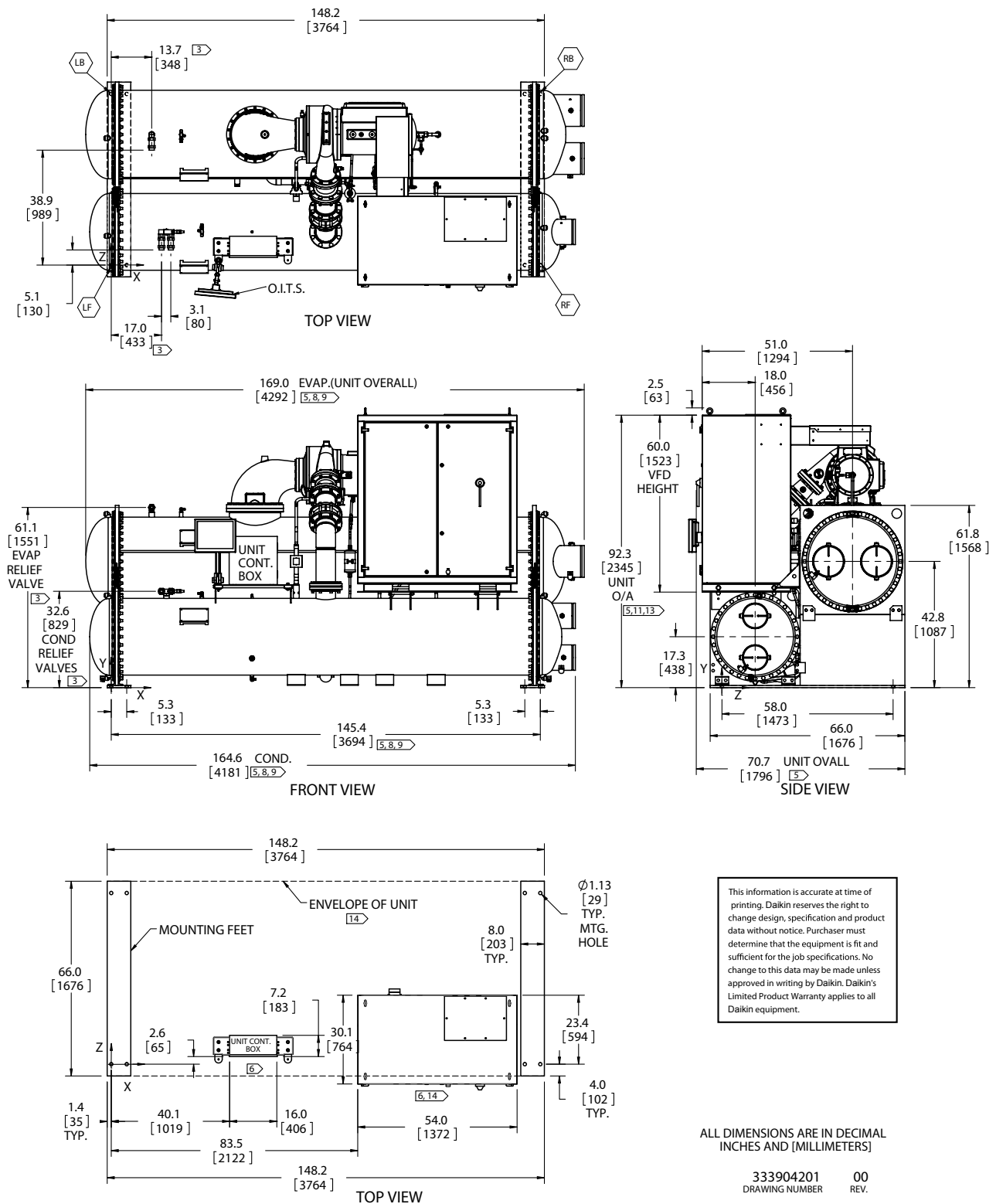
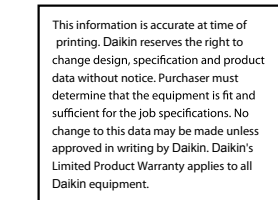
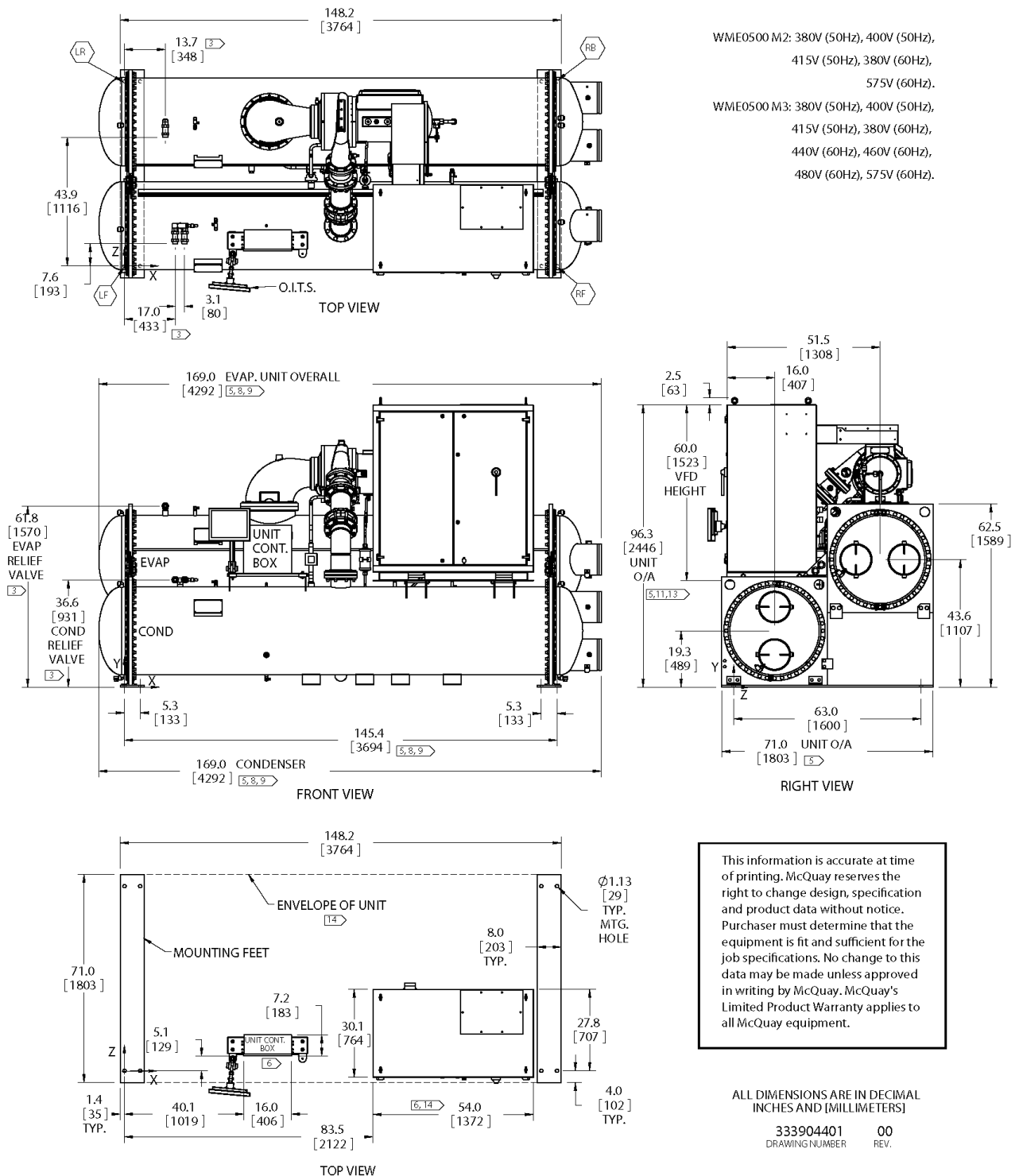


Figure 11: WME0500 - E3012/C3012 - 2 pass, M2 Standard motor (60Hz 440/460/480V, (See [page 13](#) for drawing notes.)



**Figure 12: WME500 E3012/C3012, M2 Motor (50 Hz, 380-415V / 60Hz, 380-575V)
WME500 E3012/C3012, M3 Motor (50 Hz, 400-415 / (60 Hz, 380-575V)
WME500 E3012/C3012, M2 Motor with Internal Harmonic Filter (60 Hz, 380-460V)**



WME

Dimension Drawings

Figure 13: Model WME0700 - E3612/C3012 - 2-pass, M4 motor, 3/4" tubes (To determine tube size, see note 17 on [page 13.](#))

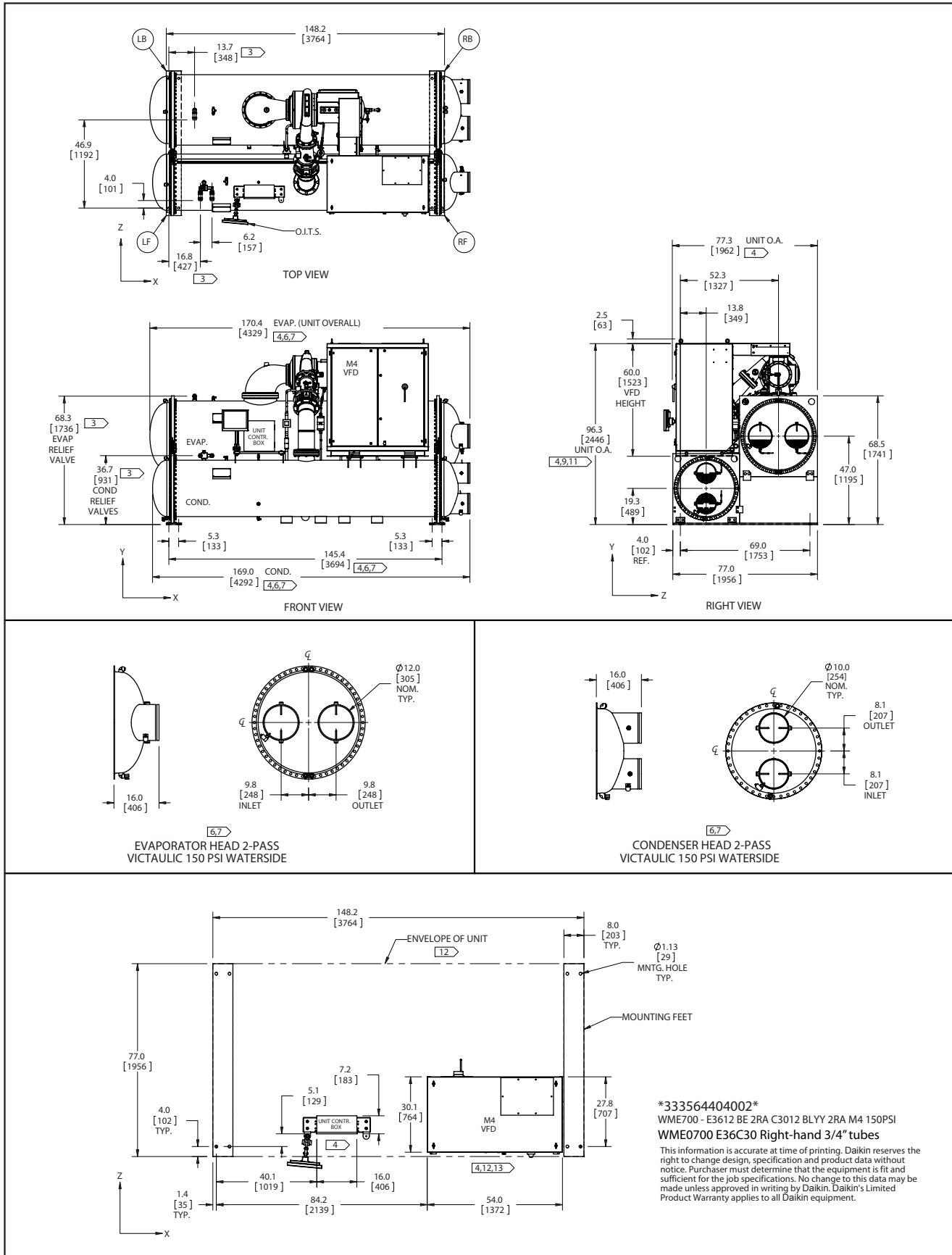
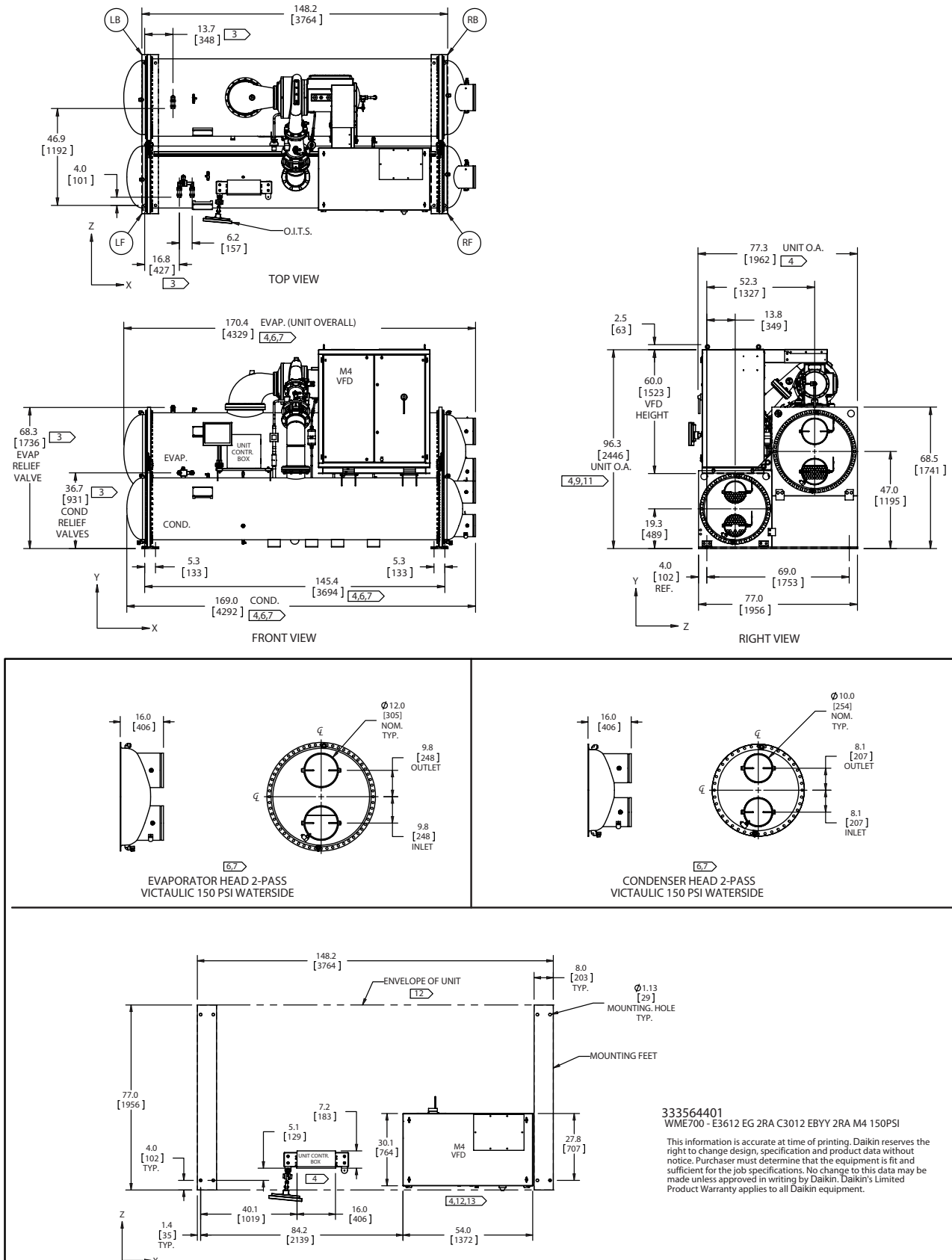


Figure 14: Model WME0700 - E3612/C3012 - 2-pass, M4 motor, 1" tubes (To determine tube size, see note 17 on [page 13](#).)



Dimension Drawings

Figure 15: Model WME0700 - E3612/C3612 - 2-pass, M4 motor, 3/4" tubes (To determine tube size, see note 17 on [page 13](#).)

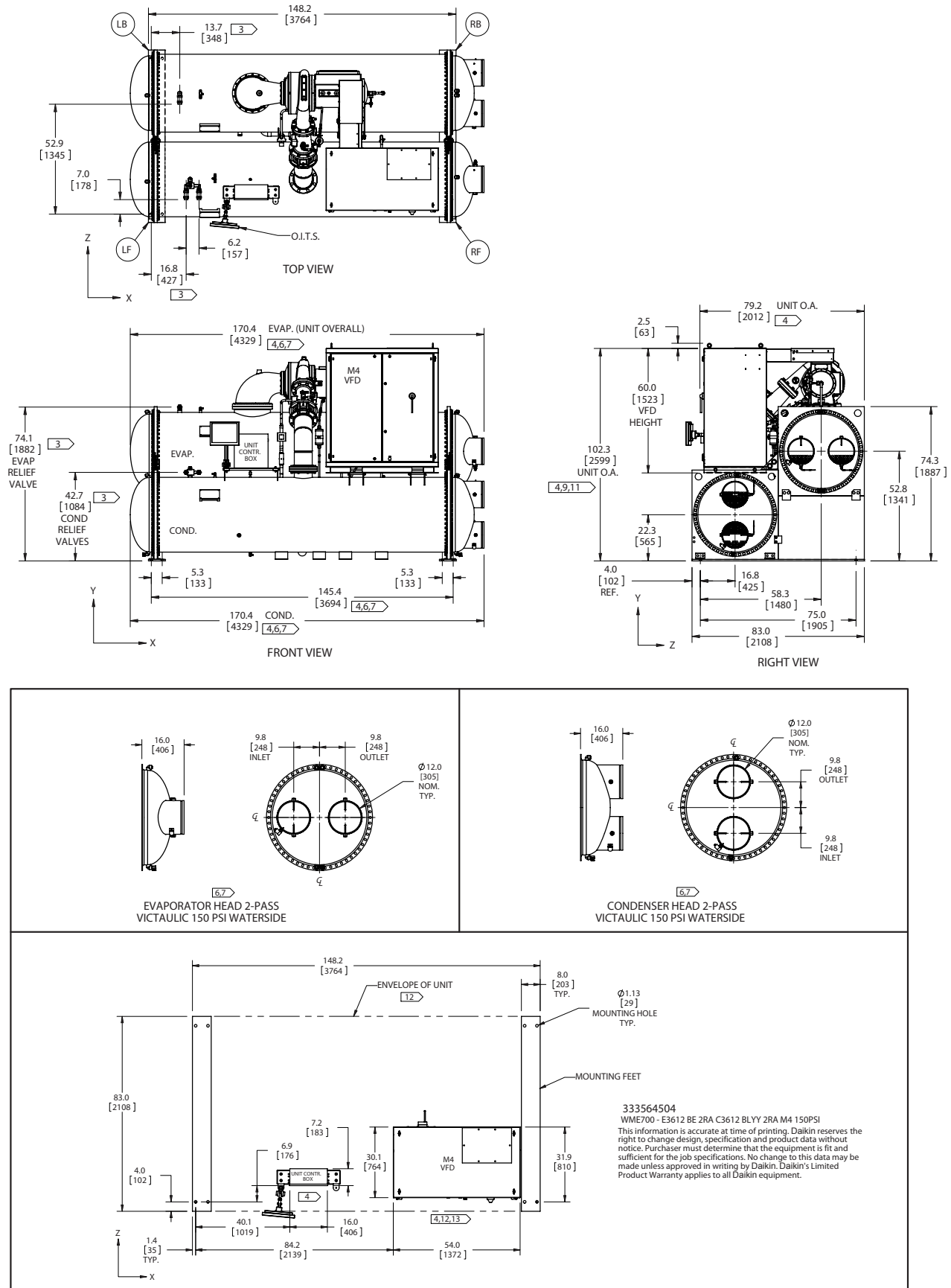
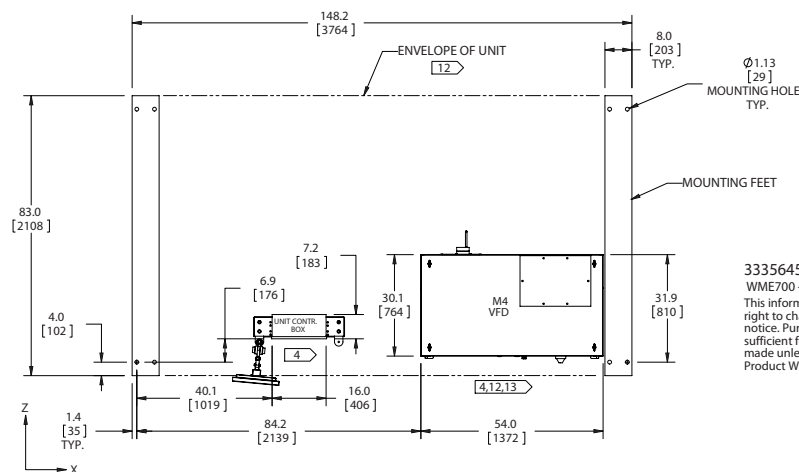
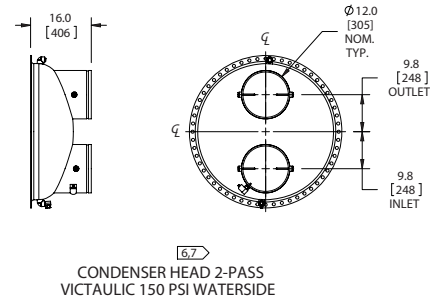
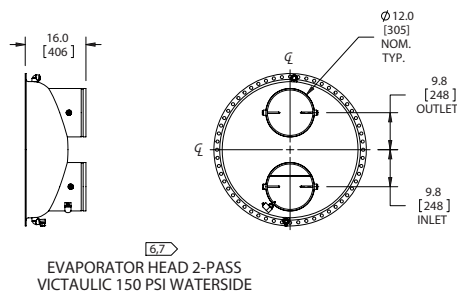
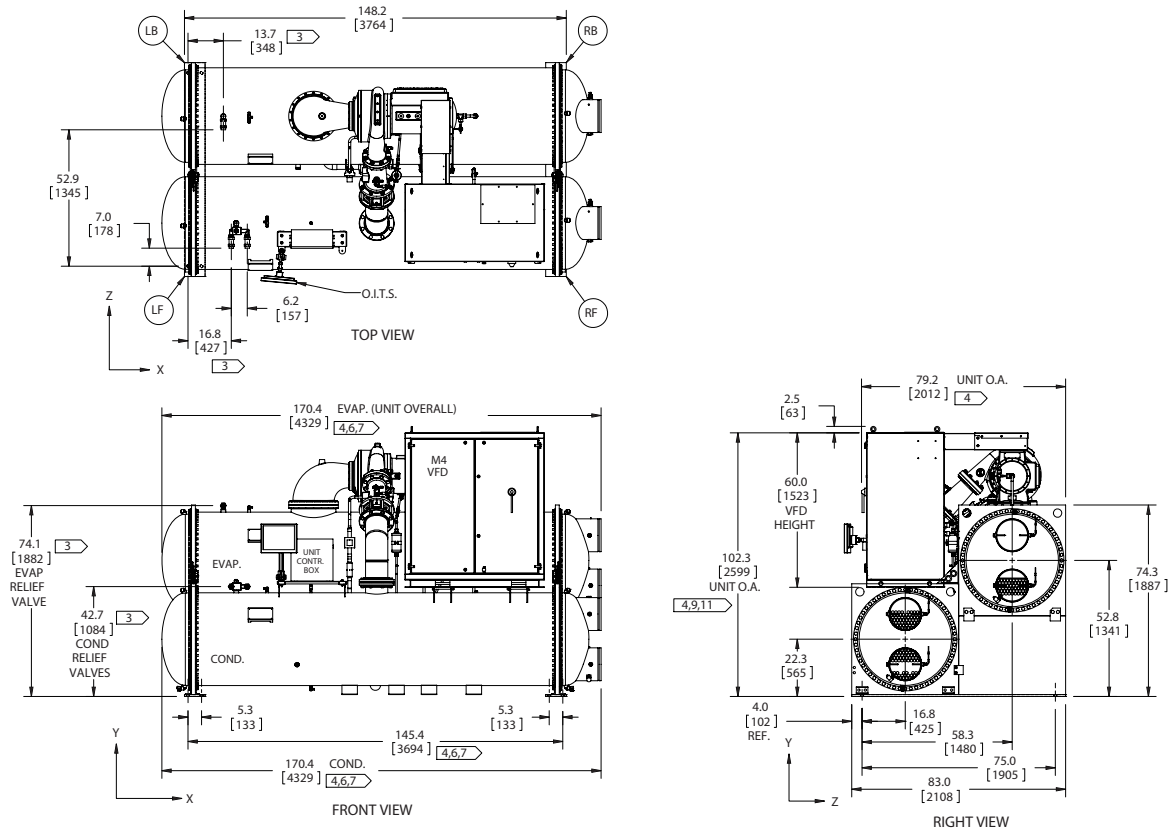


Figure 16: Model WME0700 - E3612/C3612 - 2-pass, M4 motor, 1" tubes (To determine tube size, see note 17 on [page 13](#).)



333564501
WME700 - E3612 EG 2RA C3612 EBY 2RA M4 150PSI
This information is accurate at time of printing. Daikin reserves the right to change design, specification and product data without notice. Purchaser must determine that the equipment is fit and sufficient for the job specifications. No change to this data may be made unless approved in writing by Daikin. Daikin's Limited Product Warranty applies to all Daikin equipment.

Dimension Drawings

Standard Head Connection Dimensions

Figure 17: Standard Dished Head Connection Dimensions (Victaulic and Flanged)

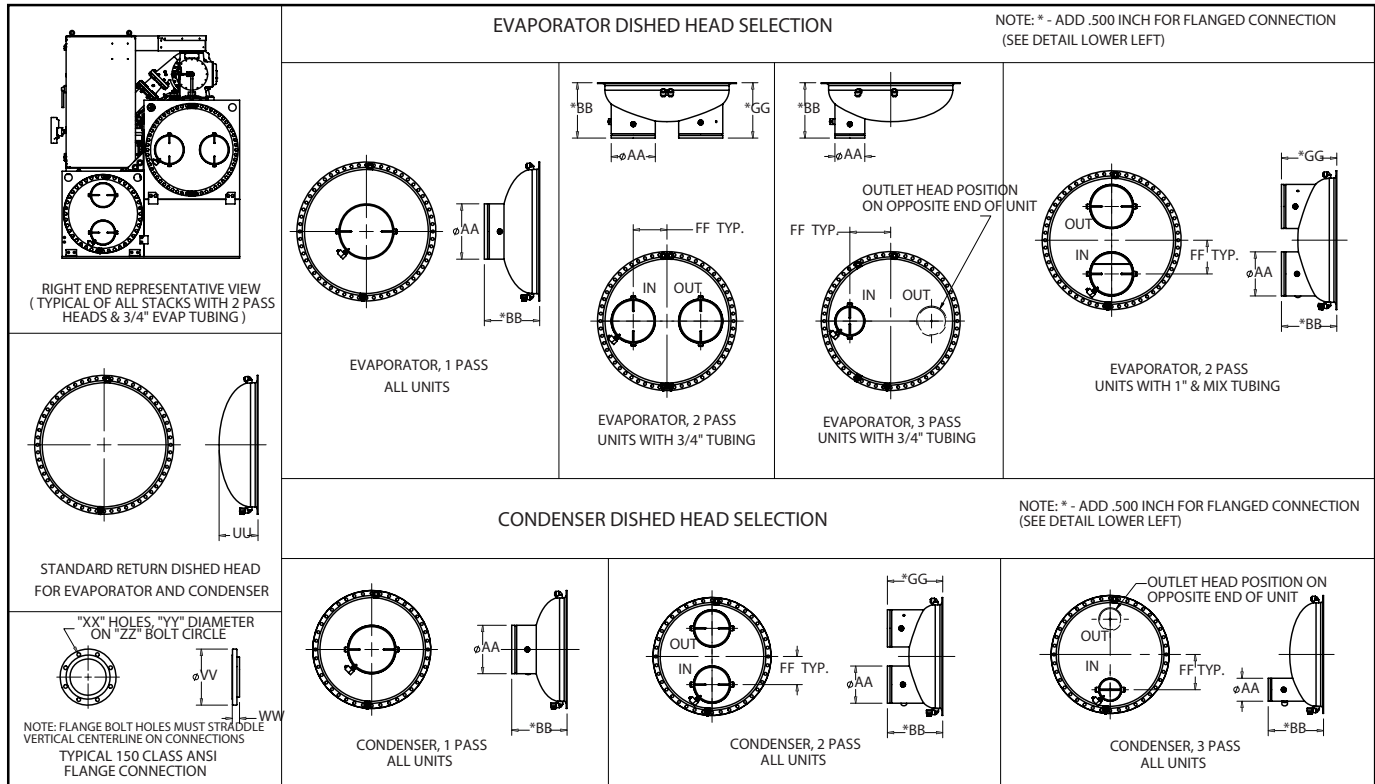


Table 1: Standard Dished Head Connection Dimensions - Victaulic Connections

Diameter	1 PASS		2 PASS				3 PASS			Return Head
Evap	AA	BB	AA	BB	FF	GG	AA	BB	FF	UU
E30	14.00	16.00	10.75	16.00	8.13	16.00	6.63	16.00	10.19	9.78
E36	16.00	16.00	12.75	16.00	9.75	16.00	8.63	16.00	11.81	11.26
Cond	AA	BB	AA	BB	FF	GG	AA	BB	FF	UU
C26	10.75	13.00	8.63	13.00	7.07	13.00	6.63	13.00	8.07	8.38
C30	14.00	16.00	10.75	16.00	8.13	16.00	6.63	16.00	10.19	9.78
C36	16.00	16.00	12.75	16.00	9.75	16.00	8.63	16.00	11.81	11.26

Table 2: Standard Dished Head Connection Dimensions - Flanged Connections

Diameter	1 PASS		2 PASS				3 PASS			Return Head
Evap	AA	BB	AA	BB	FF	GG	AA	BB	FF	UU
E30	14.00	16.50	10.75	16.50	8.13	16.50	6.63	16.50	10.19	9.78
E36	16.00	16.50	12.75	16.50	9.75	16.50	8.63	16.50	11.81	11.26
Cond	AA	BB	AA	BB	FF	GG	AA	BB	FF	UU
C26	10.75	13.50	8.63	13.50	7.07	13.50	6.63	13.50	8.07	8.38
C30	14.00	16.50	10.75	16.50	8.13	16.50	6.63	16.50	10.19	9.78
C36	16.00	16.50	12.75	16.50	9.75	16.50	8.63	16.50	11.81	11.26

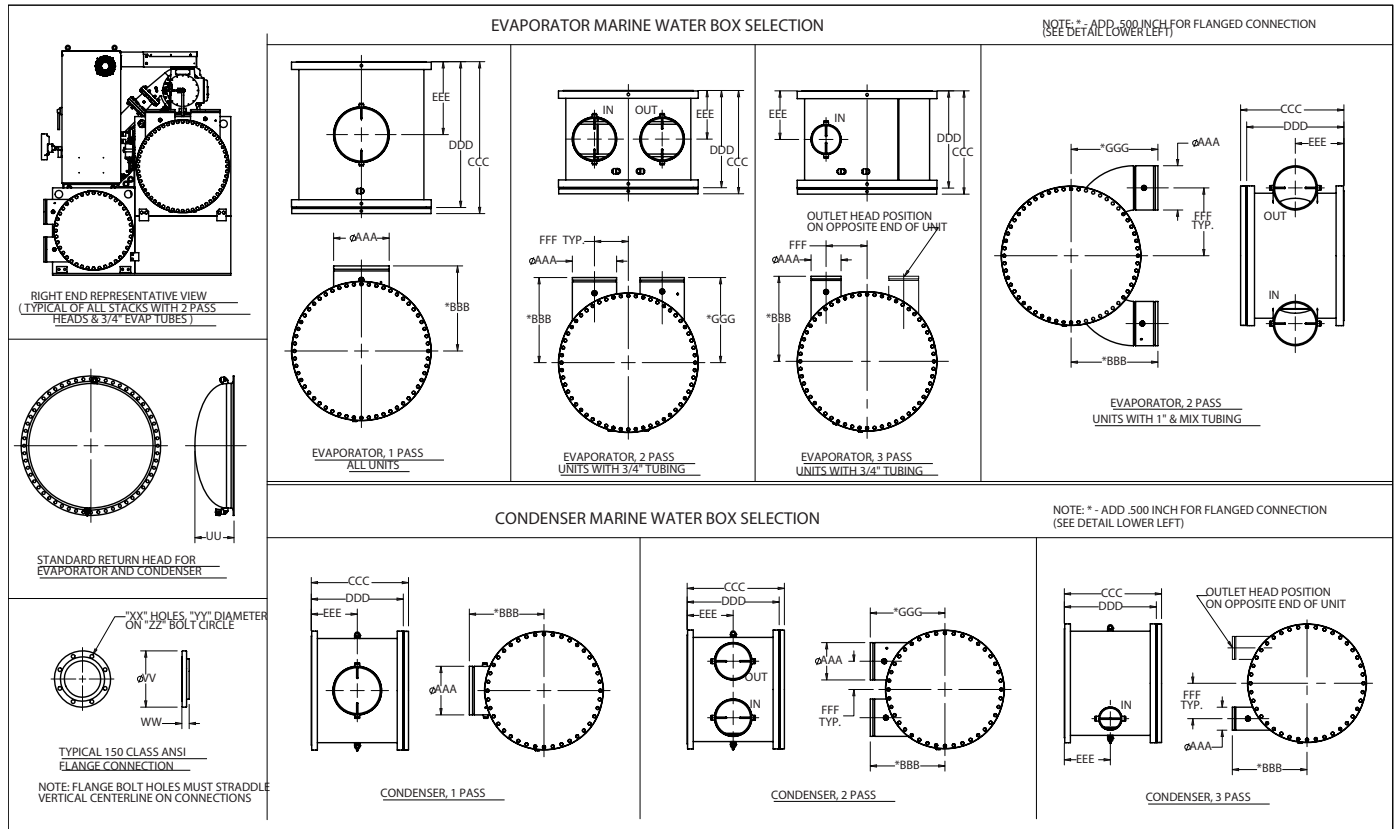
Table 3: 150 Class ANSI Flange Connection Dimensions (Detail from Figure 17)

Nozzle Dia.	VV	WW	XX	YY	ZZ	Drawing & Dimension Notes: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Dimensions in inches. 2 Flanges are ANSI raised face. Mating flanges by others. 3 Some condensers with flanges can have staggered connections due to flange interference. Consult factory. 4 Flanges add 0.5 inches to the distance from the vertical centerline to the flange face compared to Victaulic.
6.63	11.00	1.56	8.00	0.88	9.50	
8.63	13.50	1.75	8.00	0.88	11.75	
10.75	16.00	1.94	12.00	1.00	14.25	
12.75	19.00	2.19	12.00	1.00	17.00	
14.00	21.00	2.25	12.00	1.12	18.75	
16.00	23.50	2.50	16.00	1.12	21.25	

Marine Water Box Dimensions

Marine water boxes with removable end covers are an available option on all evaporator and condenser sizes.

Figure 18: Marine Water Box Dimensions with Victaulic or Flanged Connections



Note: On certain models connection dimensions may vary; some models will have rear-facing MWB connections. Consult your local Daikin sales office for certified drawings for unit-specific configuration and dimensions. **Table**

4: Marine Waterbox Dimensions - Victaulic Connections

Diameter	1 PASS					2 PASS							3 PASS							Return Head
Evap	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	FFF	GGG	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	FFF	UU	
E30	14.00	21.00	27.75	26.50	13.25	10.75	21.00	27.75	26.50	13.25	8.13	21.00	6.63	21.00	27.75	26.50	13.25	10.19	9.78	
E36	16.00	24.00	43.50	42.00	21.00	12.75	24.00	29.50	28.00	14.00	9.75	24.00	8.63	24.00	29.50	28.00	14.00	11.81	11.26	
Cond	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	FFF	GGG	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	FFF	UU	
C26	10.75	19.00	21.25	20.00	10.00	8.63	19.00	21.25	20.00	10.00	7.07	19.00	6.63	19.00	21.25	20.00	10.00	8.07	8.38	
C30	14.00	21.00	27.75	26.50	13.25	10.75	21.00	27.75	26.50	13.25	8.13	21.00	6.63	21.00	27.75	26.50	13.25	10.19	9.78	
C36	16.00	24.00	43.50	42.00	21.00	12.75	24.00	29.50	28.00	14.00	9.75	24.00	8.63	24.00	29.50	28.00	14.00	11.81	11.26	

Table 5: Marine Waterbox Dimensions - Flanged Connections

Diameter	1 PASS					2 PASS							3 PASS							Return Head
Evap	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	FFF	GGG	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	FFF	UU	
E30	14.00	21.50	27.75	26.50	13.25	10.75	21.50	27.75	26.50	13.25	8.13	21.50	6.63	21.50	27.75	26.50	13.25	10.19	9.78	
E36	16.00	24.50	43.50	42.00	21.00	12.75	24.50	29.50	28.00	14.00	9.75	24.50	8.63	24.50	29.50	28.00	14.00	11.81	11.26	
Cond	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	FFF	GGG	AAA	BBB	CCC	DDD	EEE	FFF	UU	
C26	10.75	19.50	21.25	20.00	10.00	8.63	19.50	21.25	20.00	10.00	7.07	19.50	6.63	19.50	21.25	20.00	10.00	8.07	8.38	
C30	14.00	21.50	27.75	26.50	13.25	10.75	21.50	27.75	26.50	13.25	8.13	21.50	6.63	21.50	27.75	26.50	13.25	10.19	9.78	
C36	16.00	24.50	43.50	42.00	21.00	12.75	24.50	29.50	28.00	14.00	9.75	24.50	8.63	24.50	29.50	28.00	14.00	11.81	11.26	

Table 6: 150 Class ANSI Flange Connection Dimensions (Detail from Figure 18)

Nozzle Dia.	VV	WW	XX	YY	ZZ	Drawing & Dimension Notes:				
6.63	11.00	1.56	8.00	0.88	9.50					
8.63	13.50	1.75	8.00	0.88	11.75					
10.75	16.00	1.94	12.00	1.00	14.25					
12.75	19.00	2.19	12.00	1.00	17.00					
14.00	21.00	2.25	12.00	1.12	18.75					
16.00	23.50	2.50	16.00	1.12	21.25					
						<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Dimensions in inches. 2 Flanges are ANSI raised face. Mating flanges by others. 3 Some condensers with flanges can have staggered connections due to flange interference. Consult factory. 4 Flanges add 0.5 inches to the distance from the vertical centerline to the flange face compared to Victaulic. 				

Dimension Drawings

Optional External Harmonic Filter Dimensions

Figure 19: Model AUHF 300, 350, 400, Free Standing, 460Volt, Harmonic Filter

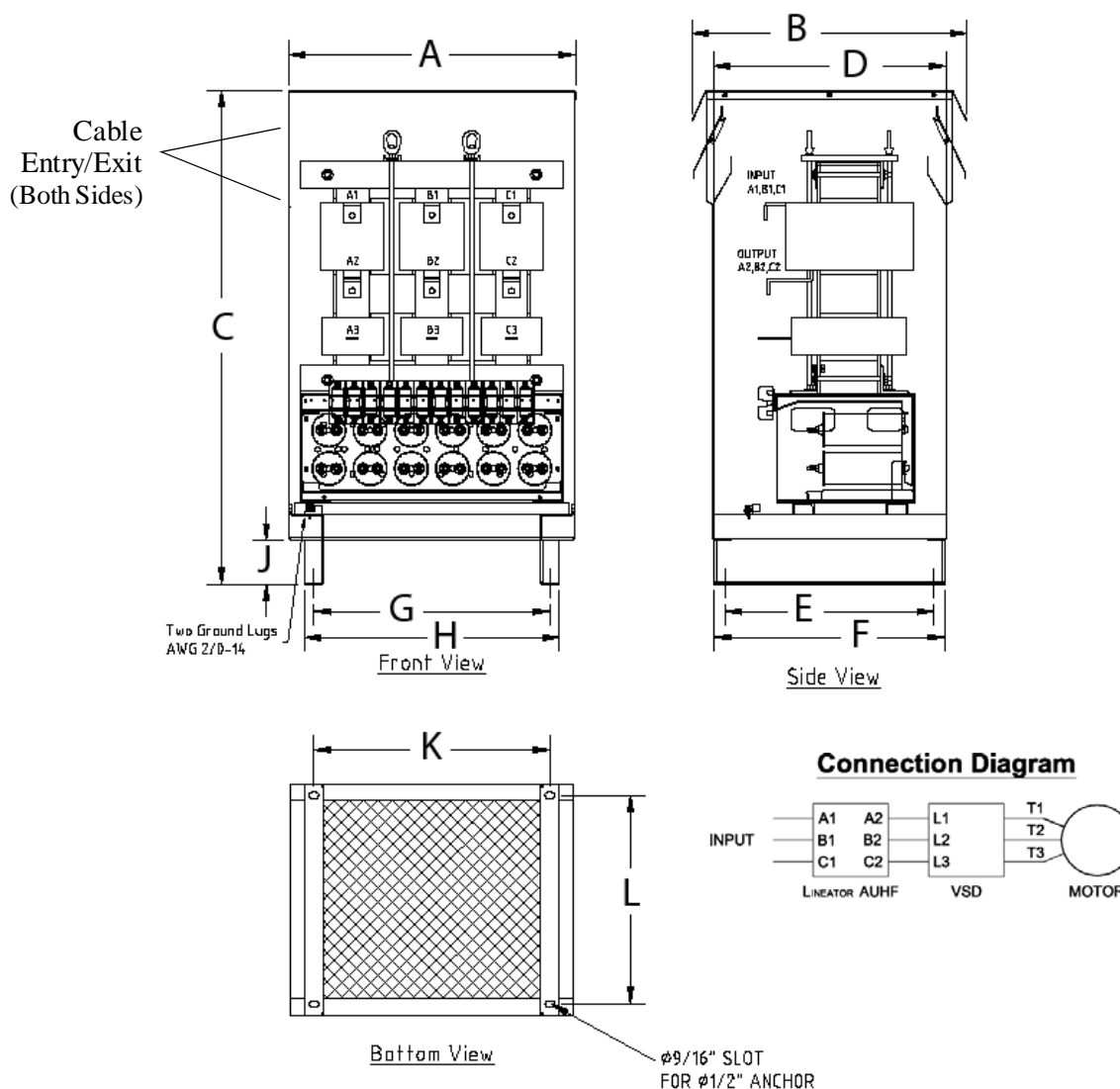


Table 7: Model AUHF Dimensions from Figure 19

MODEL		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	WEIGHT
AUHF 300-460V	in. (mm)	26.2 (664)	25.0 (636)	45.0 (1143)	21.2 (538)	19.0 (483)	21.0 (533)	21.5 (546)	23.3 (591)	4.0 (102)	21.5 (546)	19.0 (483)	585 lbs 266 kg
AUHF 350-460V	in. (mm)	32.0 (813)	29.5 (749)	51.5 (1308)	25.6 (651)	23.5 (597)	25.5 (648)	23.5 (597)	25.2 (641)	6.4 (164)	23.5 (597)	23.5 (597)	800 lbs 363 kg
AUHF 400-460V	in. (mm)	32.0 (813)	29.5 (749)	51.5 (1308)	25.6 (651)	23.5 (597)	25.5 (648)	23.5 (597)	25.2 (641)	6.4 (164)	23.5 (597)	23.5 (597)	946 lbs 429 kg

Notes:

- 1 Requires front access only.
- 2 Allow 6-inches at rear for ventilation.

Dimension Drawings

Figure 20: Model ATL 300, 350, 400, Free Standing, 600Volt, Auto Transformer Harmonic Filter

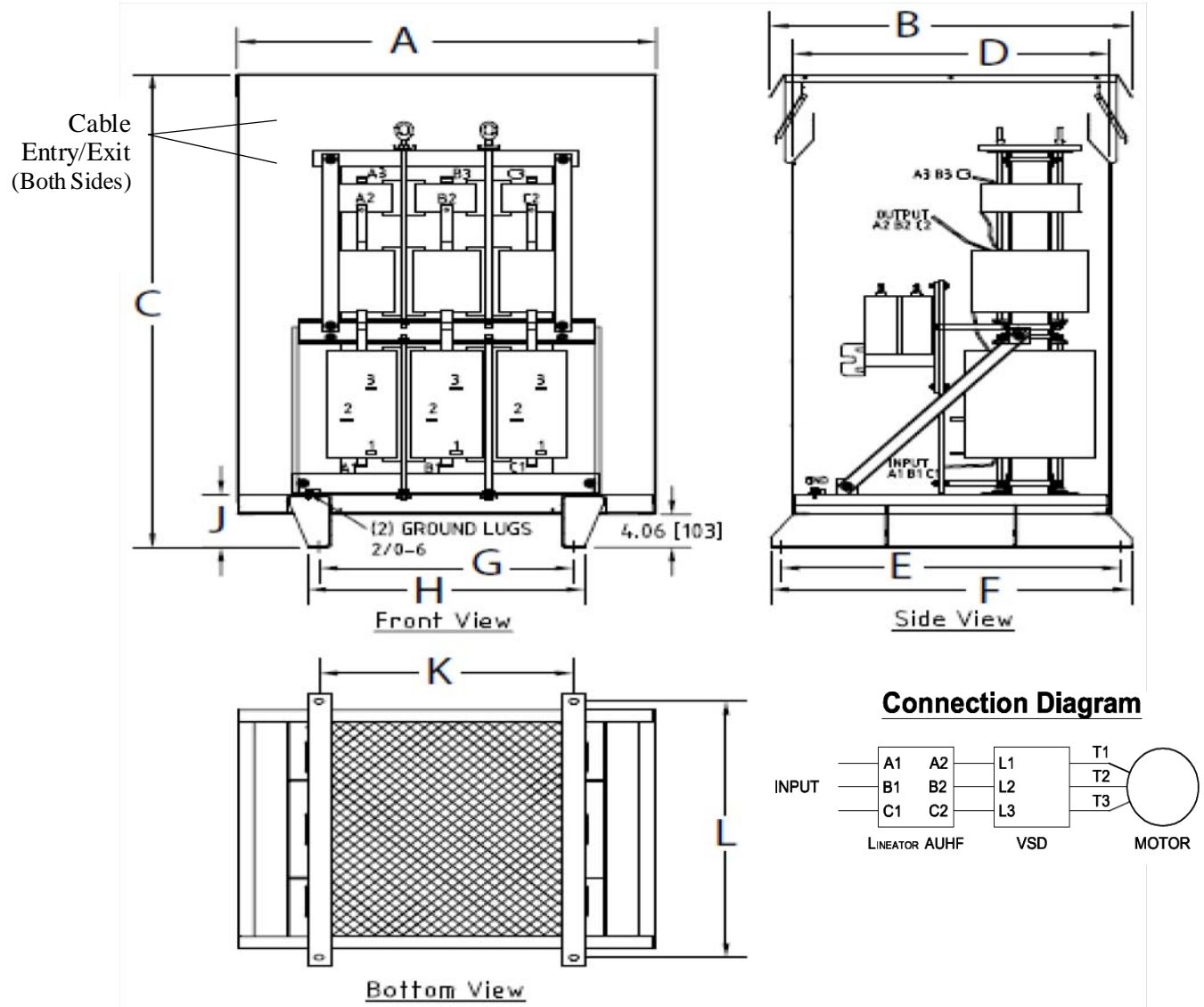


Table 8: Model ATL Dimensions & Weights, 60Hz; 380V, 440V, 600V, from Figure 20

MODEL		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	WEIGHT
ATL 300	in. (mm)	39.5 (1004)	34.1 (867)	59.0 (1499)	29.8 (756)	32.0 (813)	34.0 (864)	24.0 (610)	26.1 (663)	6.6 (167)	24.0 (610)	32.0 (813)	1690 lbs (767 kg)
ATL 350	in. (mm)	44.0 (1119)	38.0 (965)	66.0 (1676)	33.7 (855)	36.0 (914)	38.0 (965)	26.0 (660)	28.1 (714)	6.6 (167)	26.0 (660)	36.0 (914)	1890 lbs (857 kg)
ATL 400	in. (mm)	44.0 (1119)	38.0 (965)	66.0 (1676)	33.7 (855)	36.0 (914)	38.0 (965)	26.0 (660)	28.1 (714)	6.6 (167)	26.0 (660)	36.0 (914)	2210 lbs (1002 kg)

Table 9: Model ATL Dimensions & Weights, 50Hz, 380/400V from Figure 20

MODEL		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	WEIGHT
ATL 300	in. (mm)	44.0 (1119)	38.0 (965)	66.0 (1676)	33.7 (855)	36.0 (914)	38.0 (965)	26.0 (660)	28.1 (714)	6.6 (167)	26.0 (660)	36.0 (914)	1900 lbs (862 kg)
ATL 350	in. (mm)	44.0 (1119)	38.0 (965)	66.0 (1676)	33.7 (855)	36.0 (914)	38.0 (965)	26.0 (660)	28.1 (714)	6.6 (167)	26.0 (660)	36.0 (914)	2318 lbs (1052 kg)
ATL 400	in. (mm)	44.0 (1119)	38.0 (965)	66.0 (1676)	33.7 (855)	36.0 (914)	38.0 (965)	26.0 (660)	28.1 (714)	6.6 (167)	26.0 (660)	36.0 (914)	2475 lbs (1122 kg)

Notes:

- 1 Requires front access only.
- 2 Allow 6-inches at rear for ventilation.

Options and Accessories

Unit Options

Export packaging

Can be either open or closed crate and with optional shipping bag. A wooden skid and a shrink-wrapped bag covering the entire unit and protecting it from possible dirt and grime accumulation during transit are standard.

Pumpout Unit, with or without storage vessel

Available in a variety of sizes, single-phase or three-phase, with and without tanks. Contact your Daikin sales office for details.

Extended warranties

Extended 1, 2, 3, or 4 year warranties for parts only or for parts and labor are available for the compressor/motor only, the entire unit, or the entire unit including refrigerant.

Witness performance test

The specified full and/or part load tests, as ordered, are performed in the presence of the customer under the supervision of a factory engineer and include compilation of the test data onto an easy-to-read spreadsheet. Tests are run to AHRI tolerances of capacity and power. Travel and local expenses are not included.

Certified performance test

The specified full and/or part load run tests, as ordered, are performed under the supervision of a factory engineer; data is compiled, certified and transmitted to the customer. Tests are run to AHRI tolerances of capacity and power

Refrigerant charge

Holding charge of Nitrogen or R-134a. Shipping with a full charge of R-134a is standard.

Knockdown shipment

Several options for a knockdown shipment to facilitate unit placement. See [page 35](#) for details.

Vessel Options

Marine water boxes

Provides tube access for inspection, cleaning, and removal without dismantling water piping.

Flanges (Victaulic connections are standard)

ANSI raised face flanges on either the evaporator or condenser. Mating flanges are by others.

300 psi water side vessel construction

For high pressure water systems, typically high-rise building construction. (150 psi is standard)

Epoxy coating

Evaporator and condenser tube sheets, heads and marine boxes can be epoxy coated for corrosion protection.

Single insulation - evaporator shell / heads / suction piping

0.75-inch insulation on cold surfaces. Insulation, either optional factory-installed or field-installed is required on all installations.

Double insulation - evaporator shell / heads / suction piping

1.5-inch insulation on cold surfaces (0.75-inch on suction piping) for low fluid temperatures and/or high humidity.

Tube size, wall thickness and material

A wide range of tube options are available to accommodate most flow rates and fluids. Standard wall thickness is 0.025 in., optional 0.028 in. or 0.035 in.

Controls Options

BAS interface module

Factory-installed on the unit controller for the applicable protocol being used (Can also be retrofit):

- BACnet MS/TP
- BACnet IP
- BACnet Ethernet
- LonWorks
- Modbus RTU

Electrical Options

High short circuit current rating

The following short circuit ratings are available.

Motor	Voltage	Standard Panel	Optional High SCCR	Optional Ultra High SCCR
3-Ph	380V-480V	35 kA	65 kA	100 kA
	575V	25 kA	50 kA	N/A
6-Ph	380V-480V	35 kA	65 kA	100 kA
	575V	N/A	N/A	N/A

Harmonic Filter, Factory Mounted

Factory-mounted passive harmonic filter, WME 500 for 460V duty. Also see Item 9 on following page for field-mounted filter for 460 or 575V.

EMI filter

Factory-installed option. Radio interference filter.

Ground fault protection

Protects equipment from arcing ground fault damage from line-to-ground fault currents less than those required for conductor protection.

Input power meter

Allows display of input phase amps and volts on the operator interface screen.

Special Order Options

The following special order options are available; requiring factory pricing, additional engineering and possible dimension changes or extended delivery:

Special Order Options:

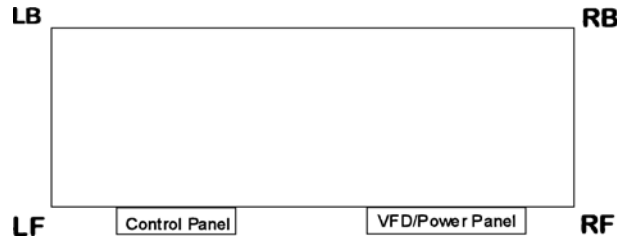
- 1 Non-standard location of nozzle connections on heads (compact water boxes) or marine water boxes

- 2** Special corrosion inhibiting coatings on any "wetted surface" including tubesheets, heads (compact water boxes), marine water boxes, or nozzles
- 3** Clad tube sheets
- 4** Sacrificial anodes in heads (compact water boxes) or marine water boxes
- 5** Davits or hinges for marine water box covers or heads (compact water boxes)
- 6** Spacer rings on heads to accommodate automatic tube brush cleaning systems (installed by others)
- 7** Field-Mounted Harmonic Filter, WME 500, Free-standing, passive harmonic filter Model AUHF for 460 volt service and Model ATL, which includes an autotransformer for 600 volts service. Also see factory-mounted harmonic filter for 460V on previous page.
- 8** Refrigerant monitor, for remote mounting including accessories such as 4-20ma signal, strobe light, audible horn, air pick-up filter.

Physical Data & Weights

Lifting and Mounting Weights

Figure 21: Corner Identification



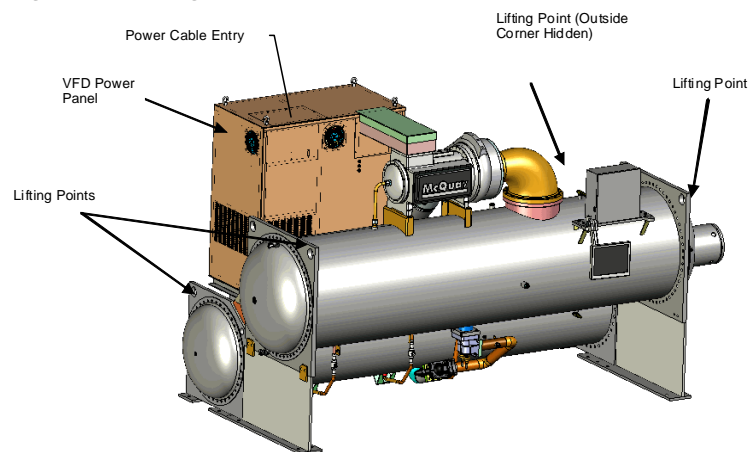
NOTES:

- 1 The block shown above is the mounting footprint, not the entire unit footprint.
- 2 Lifting holes in the top of the tube sheets are 3.25-inch (83 mm) diameter.
- 3 Mounting holes in the feet are 1.125-inch diameter.
- 4 Weights are based on standard configuration; actual weight may vary depending on options. Consult Certified Drawing

Table 10: Lifting and Mounting Weights and Centes of Gravity

WME Model	Vessel Models	Motor Code	Lifting (Shipping) Weight, lbs (kg)					Center of Gravity in. (mm)		
			LB	LF	RB	RF	Total	X	Y	Z
500	E3012/C2612	M2	2682 (1217)	3380 (1533)	3263 (1480)	4113 (1866)	13438 (6095)	79.8 (2028)	35.1 (891)	25.7 (652)
500	E3012/C2612	M3	2652 (1203)	3667 (1663)	3472 (1575)	4801 (2178)	14592 (6619)	82.5 (2094)	36.6 (929)	24.3 (618)
500	E3012/C3012	M2	2953 (1339)	3769 (1710)	3546 (1609)	4527 (2053)	14795 (6711)	79.4 (2016)	34.7 (881)	27.7 (703)
500	E3012/C3012	M3	2948 (1337)	4031 (1829)	3789 (1719)	5182 (2350)	15950 (7235)	81.8 (2078)	36.4 (924)	26.6 (676)
500	E3612/C3012	M2	3537 (1604)	4314 (1957)	4149 (1882)	5060 (2295)	17060 (7738)	80.7 (2050)	38.1 (969)	29.9 (760)
500	E3612/C3012	M3	3519 (1596)	4591 (2082)	4385 (1989)	5721 (2595)	18216 (8263)	80.7 (2050)	38.1 (969)	29.9 (760)
700	E3612/C3012	M4	3635 (1649)	4598 (2086)	4543 (2061)	5746 (2606)	18522 (8401)	80.8 (2052)	39.4 (1000)	30.5 (774)
700	E3612/C3612	M4	4102 (1861)	5370 (2436)	4995 (2266)	6539 (2966)	21006 (9528)	79.9 (2028)	40.2 (1022)	32.5 (825)
WME Model	Vessel Models	Motor Code	Mounting (Operating) Weight, lbs (kg)					Center of Gravity in. (mm)		
			LB	LF	RB	RF	Total	X	Y	Z
500	E3012/C2612	M2	3263 (1480)	3896 (1767)	3902 (1770)	4660 (2114)	15721 (7131)	79.2 (2012)	34.8 (883)	26.4 (671)
500	E3012/C2612	M3	3228 (1464)	4189 (1900)	4117 (1867)	5343 (2424)	16877 (7655)	81.5 (2071)	36.1 (916)	25.2 (641)
500	E3012/C3012	M2	3612 (1638)	4446 (2017)	4272 (1938)	5257 (2385)	17587 (7977)	78.8 (2001)	34.2 (868)	28.2 (717)
500	E3012/C3012	M3	3604 (1635)	4712 (2137)	4518 (2049)	5908 (2680)	18742 (8501)	80.9 (2055)	35.6 (905)	27.3 (693)
500	E3612/C3012	M2	4437 (2013)	5077 (2303)	5132 (2328)	5872 (2663)	20518 (9307)	78.0 (1981)	36.7 (933)	32.2 (817)
500	E3612/C3012	M3	4412 (2001)	5359 (2431)	5374 (2438)	6527 (2961)	21672 (9830)	79.9 (2028)	37.9 (962)	31.2 (791)
700	E3612/C3012	M4	4529 (2054)	5366 (2434)	5532 (2509)	6553 (2972)	21980 (9970)	80.0 (2031)	38.9 (989)	31.6 (802)
700	E3612/C3612	M4	5150 (2336)	6461 (2931)	6130 (2781)	7691 (3489)	25432 (11536)	79.0 (2007)	39.7 (1008)	33.3 (845)

Figure 22: Lifting Points - See Installation Manual IM 1033 for handling information.



Note: This drawing is for general reference only.
Refer to dimension drawings for location of components.

Physical Data - Evaporator

Refrigerant-side maximum working pressure is 200psig. Water-side is 150 psi (1034 kPa) with 300 psi (2068 kPa) available as an option. Approximate total square footage of insulation surface required for individual packaged chillers is tabulated by evaporator code and can be found below. The

suction elbow and compressor also require insulation. Factory-installed insulation on cold surfaces, ¾ or 1 ½ inch thick is an available option.

Table 11: Evaporator Physical Data

WME Model	Evaporator Model	Tube Length	Evaporator Water Volume, gal (L)	Insulation Area sq. ft. (m ²)	Number of Relief Valves
0500	E3012	12 ft.	147 (555)	115 (11)	1
0500	E3612	12 ft.	191 (723)	129 (12)	1
0700	E3612	12 ft.	214 (809)	129 (12)	1

Note: Refrigerant charge will depend on a number of variables. Actual charge will be shown on the unit nameplate.

Note: Water capacity is based on standard tube configuration and standard dished heads, and may change depending on your configuration. Consult Certified Drawing.

Physical Data - Condenser

With positive pressure systems, the pressure variance with temperature is always predictable and the vessel design and pressure relief protection are based upon pure refrigerant characteristics. R-134a requires ASME vessel design, inspection and testing and uses spring-loaded pressure relief

valves. When an over-pressure condition occurs, spring-loaded relief valves purge only that quantity of refrigerant required to reduce system pressure to the valve's set pressure, and then close. Refrigerant-side design pressure is 200 psi; water-side design is 150 psi with 300 psi available as an option..

Table 12: Condenser Physical Data

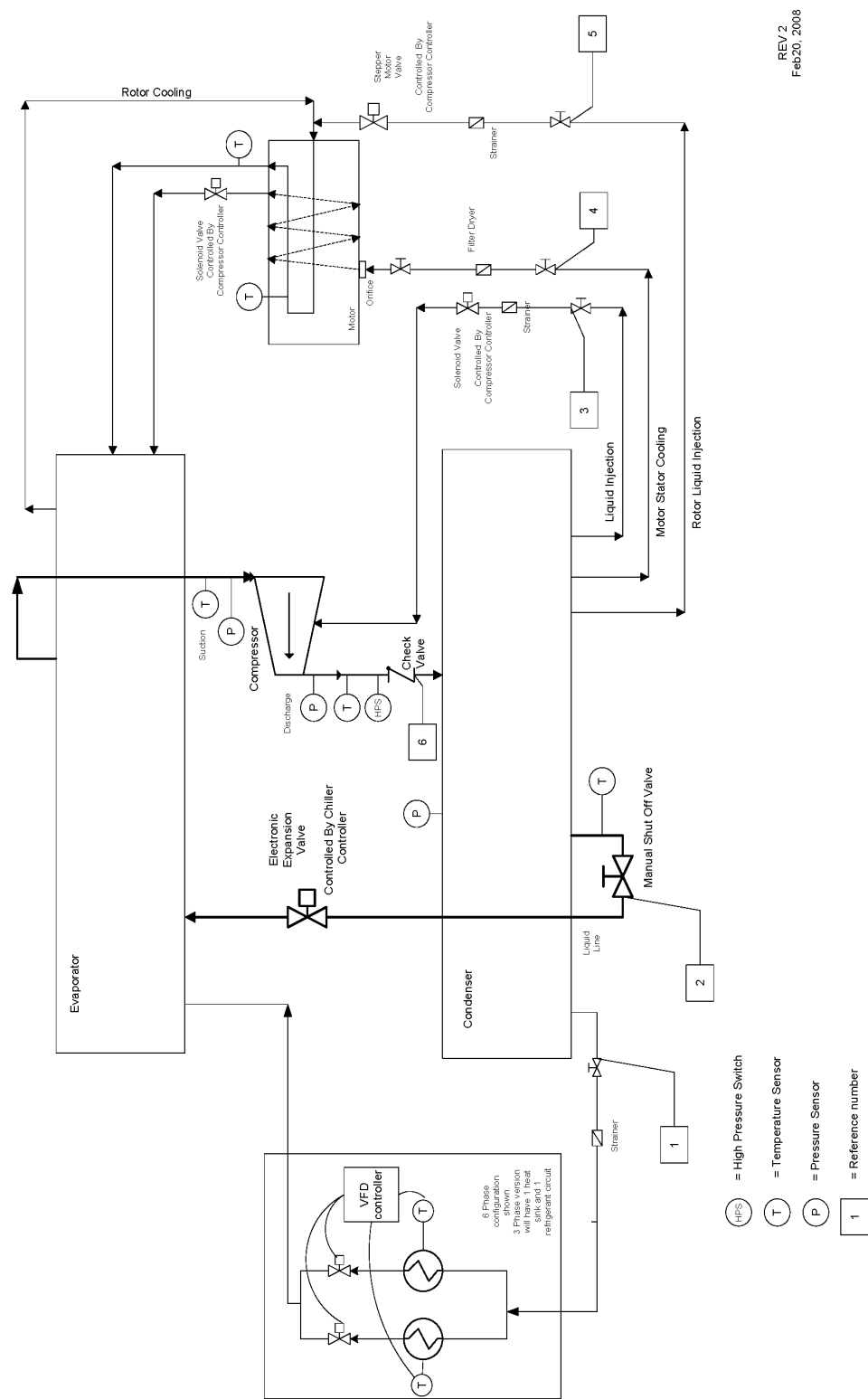
WME Model	Condenser Model	Tube Length	Maximum Pumpdown Capacity lb. (kg)	Water Volume gal. (L)	Number of Relief Valves
0500	C2612	12 ft.	1656 (751)	111 (419)	2
0500	C3012	12 ft.	2148 (975)	144 (545)	2
0700	C3012	12 ft.	2060 (934)	214 (808)	2
0700	C3612	12 ft.	2814 (1276)	337 (1276)	2

Note: Condenser pumpdown capacity based on 90% full at 90°F.

Note: Water capacity based on standard configuration and standard heads, and may change depending on your configuration. Consult Certified Drawing.

Note: See Relief Valves section of IM 1033 (available on www.DaikinApplied.com) for additional information.

Refrigeration Diagram



REV 2
Feb 20, 2008

Location Requirements

Daikin Magnitude units are designed only for indoor, weather-protected, non-freezing area consistent with the NEMA 1 rating on the chiller, controls, and electrical panels. Equipment room temperature for operating and standby conditions is 40°F to 104°F (4.4°C to 40°C).

Optimum Water Temperatures and Flow

A key to improving energy efficiency for any chiller is minimizing the compressor pressure lift. Reducing the lift reduces the compressor work and its energy consumption per unit of output. The chiller typically consumes more energy than any other component in the chiller system. Therefore, the optimum plant design must take into account all of the interactions between chiller, pumps, and tower.

Higher Leaving Chilled Water Temperatures

Warmer leaving chilled water temperatures will raise the compressor's suction pressure and decrease the lift, improving efficiency. Using 45°F (7°C) leaving water instead of 42°F (5.5°C) will significantly reduce chiller energy consumption.

Evaporator Temperature Drop

The industry standard has been a 10°F (5.5°C) temperature drop in the evaporator. Increasing the drop to 12°F or 14°F (6.6°C or 7.7°C) can improve chiller efficiency and reduce pump energy consumption.

Reduced Evaporator Fluid Flow

Several popular chiller plant control practices including Variable Primary Flow systems advocate reducing the evaporator fluid flow rate as the chiller capacity is reduced. This practice can significantly reduce the evaporator pumping power while having little effect on chiller energy consumption. The Magnitude chiller can operate effectively in variable evaporator flow systems as long as the minimum and maximum tube velocities are taken into consideration when selecting the chiller. See section [Variable Fluid Flow Rates and Tube Velocities](#), page 35.

If it is decided to vary the evaporator water flow rate the rate of change should not exceed 50% per minute and should not exceed the minimum or maximum velocity limits.

Condenser Entering Water Temperature

As a general rule, a 1°F (0.5°C) drop in condenser entering water temperature will reduce chiller energy consumption by two percent. Cooler water lowers the condensing pressure and reduces compressor work. One or two degrees can make a noticeable difference. The incremental cost of a larger tower can be small and provide a good return on investment.

Condenser Water Temperature Rise

The industry standard of 3 gpm/ton or about a 9.5°F (5.3°C) delta-T works well for most applications.

Reduced Condenser Fluid Flow

Several popular chiller plant control practices also advocate reducing the condenser fluid flow rate as the chiller load is reduced. This practice can significantly reduce the condenser pumping power, but it may also have the unintended consequence of significantly increasing compressor power since the leaving condenser water temperature is directly related to compressor lift and power. The higher compressor power will typically be larger than the condenser pumping power reduction and will result in a net increase in chiller plant energy consumption. Therefore, before this strategy is applied for energy saving purposes it should be extensively modeled or used in an adaptive chiller plant control system which will take into account all of the interdependent variables affecting chiller plant energy. If it is decided to use variable condenser fluid flow, the Magnitude chiller can operate effectively as long as the minimum and maximum tube velocities are taken into consideration when selecting the chiller.

Chilled Water Temperature

The maximum temperature of water entering the chiller on standby must not exceed 105°F (46.1°C). Maximum temperature entering on start-up must not exceed 90°F (32°C). Minimum chilled water leaving temperature without antifreeze is approximately 38°F (3.3°C).

Piping

Piping must be adequately supported to remove weight and strain on the chiller's fittings and connections. Be sure piping is adequately insulated for job conditions. Install a cleanable 20-mesh water strainer upstream of the evaporator and condenser. Install enough shutoff valves to permit draining water from the evaporator or condenser without draining the complete system.

Note: This product, in its standard configuration, is equipped with a shell and tube evaporator with carbon steel shell and copper tubes. The water or other fluid used in these evaporators must be clean and non-corrosive to the materials used in the evaporator. Daikin makes no warranty as to the compatibility of fluids and materials. Non-compatible fluids may void the equipment warranty. If the compatibility of the fluid with the evaporator is in question, a professional water quality consultant should administer the proper testing and evaluate compatibility.

Application Considerations

Condenser Water Temperature

When the ambient wet bulb temperature is lower than design, the entering condenser water temperature of Magnitude WME chillers can be lowered to improve chiller performance.

Chillers can start with entering condenser water temperatures as low as 40°F (4.4°C). For short periods of time during startup, the entering condenser water temperature can even be lower than the leaving chilled water temperature.

Magnitude WME chillers are equipped with electronic expansion valves (EXV) and will run with entering condenser water temperatures as low as shown in Figure 23 or as calculated from the following equation on which the curves are based:

$$\text{Min. ECWT} = 5.25 + (\text{LWT}) - 0.75 * \text{DT}_{\text{FL}} * (\text{PLD}/100) + 14 * (\text{PLD}/100)^2$$

Where:

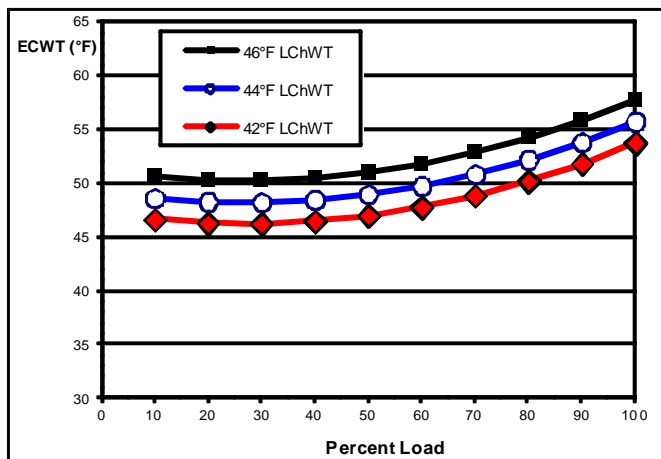
ECWT = Entering condenser water temperature

LWT = Leaving chilled water temperature

DTFL = Chilled Water Delta-T at full load

PLD = The percent chiller load point to be checked

Figure 23: WME Minimum Entering Condenser Water Temperature (10°F Range at Full Load)



For example; at 44°F LWT, 10°F Delta-T at full load, and 50% full load operation, the entering condenser water temperature could be as low as 49°F. This provides excellent operation with water-side economizer systems.

Depending on local climatic conditions, using the lowest possible entering condenser water temperature may be more costly in total system power consumed than the expected savings in chiller power would suggest, due to the excessive fan power required.

In this scenario, cooling tower fans would continue to operate at 100% capacity at low wet bulb temperatures. The trade-off between better chiller efficiency and fan power should be analyzed for best overall system efficiency. The Energy Analyzer program (available from your Daikin Sales Representative) can optimize the chiller/tower operation for specific buildings in specific locales.

Even with tower fan control, some form of water flow control, such as tower bypass, is recommended.

Figure 24 and Figure 25 illustrate two temperature-actuated tower bypass arrangements. The “Cold Weather” scheme, Figure 25, provides better startup under cold ambient air temperature conditions. The bypass valve and piping are indoors and thus warmer, allowing for warmer water to be immediately available to the condenser. The check valve may be required to prevent air at the pump inlet.

Figure 24: Tower Bypass: Mild Weather Operation

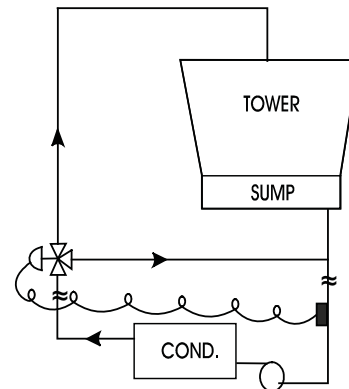
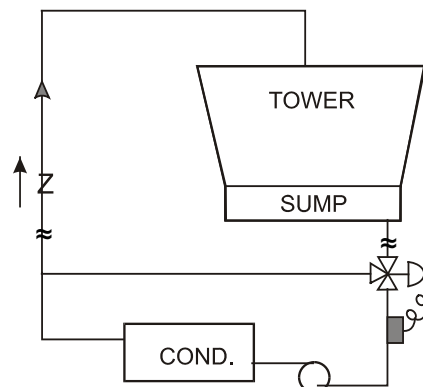


Figure 25: Tower Bypass: Cold Weather Operation (Bypass Indoors)



Condenser water temperature control

The standard MicroTech controller is capable of three stages of tower fan control plus an analog control of either a three-way tower-bypass valve or variable speed tower-fan motor. Stages are controlled from condenser-water temperature. The three-way valve can be controlled to a different water temperature or track the current tower stage. This allows optimum chilled water plant performance based upon specific job requirements.

Pumps/Piping

The condenser water pump(s) must be cycled off when the last chiller of the system cycles off. This will keep cold condenser water from migrating refrigerant to the condenser. Cold liquid refrigerant in the condenser can make start up difficult. In addition, turning off the condenser water pump(s) when the chillers are not operating will conserve energy.

Include thermometers and pressure gauges at the chiller inlet and outlet connections and install air vents at the high points of piping. Where noise and vibration are critical and the unit is mounted on spring isolators, flexible piping and conduit connections are necessary.

Variable Fluid Flow Rates and Tube Velocities

Many chiller system control and energy optimization strategies require significant changes in evaporator water flow rates. The Magnitude chiller line is particularly well suited to take full advantage of these energy saving opportunities provided that the maximum and minimum fluid flow rates are taken into consideration for a specific application. The sales engineer has the flexibility to use different combinations of shell size, number of tubes, and pass arrangements to select the optimum chiller for each specific application.

Both excessively high and excessively low fluid flow rates should be avoided. Excessively high fluid flow rates and correspondingly high tube velocities will result in high fluid pressure drops, high pumping power, and potentially tube corrosion and/or tube corrosion damage. Excessively low fluid flow rates and correspondingly low velocities should also be avoided as they will result in poor heat transfer, high compressor power, sedimentation and tube fouling. Excessively high or low tube velocities can be particularly problematic and damaging in open loop systems.

Rates of Fluid Flow Change

If it is decided to vary the evaporator water flow rate the rate of change should not exceed 50% per minute and should not exceed the minimum or maximum velocity limits as determined by the Daikin chiller software program.

Vibration Mounting

Daikin Magnitude chillers are almost vibration-free. Consequently, floor mounted spring isolators are not usually required. Rubber mounting pads are shipped with each unit. It is wise to continue to use piping flexible connectors to reduce sound transmitted into the pipe and to allow for expansion and contraction.

System Water Volume

All chilled water systems need adequate time to recognize a load change, respond to that load change and stabilize, without undesirable short cycling of the compressors or loss of control. In air conditioning systems, the potential for short cycling usually exists when the building load falls below the minimum chiller plant capacity or on close-coupled systems with very small water volumes.

Some of the things the designer should consider when looking at water volume are the minimum cooling load, the minimum chiller plant capacity during the low load period and the desired cycle time for the compressors.

Assuming that there are no sudden load changes and that the chiller plant has reasonable turndown, a rule of thumb of “gallons of water volume equal to two to three times the chilled water gpm flow rate” is often used.

A properly designed storage tank should be added if the system components do not provide sufficient water volume.

System Analysis

Although we recommend analyzing the entire system, it is generally effective to place the chiller in the most efficient mode because it is a large energy consumer.

The Daikin Energy Analyzer program is an excellent tool to investigate the entire system efficiency, quickly and accurately. It is especially good at comparing different system types and operating parameters. Contact your local Daikin sales office for assistance on your particular application.

Retrofit Knockdown

It is estimated that fifty percent of retrofit applications require partial or complete disassembly of the chiller. Magnitude chillers are relatively easy to disassemble due to the small compressor size, simplified refrigerant piping and the absence of a lubrication system with its attendant components and piping. Three knockdown arrangements are available as options. For detailed knockdown dimensions and installation, see IM Knockdown, available at www.DaikinApplied.com. Contact your local Daikin Factory Service for price quotation and installation scheduling.

TYPE I provides a moderate amount of disassembly. The compressor, suction and discharge piping, and compressor VFD power panel are removed and put on a skid. The touchscreen and mounting arm will ship in a separate container. All associated wiring and piping will remain attached if possible. The remaining loose parts will be packaged in a separate crate.

TYPE II provides a total knockdown of the unit. The compressor and VFD power panel are removed and put on a skid. The touchscreen and mounting arm will ship in a separate container. The condenser, evaporator, and tube sheet supports will remain connected only by the attachment bolts for easy disassembly at the job site. All wiring and piping that interconnects the components will be removed. The remaining loose parts will be packaged in a separate crate.

Type III units are shipped fully assembled, factory charged, run-tested, insulated and painted; ready for disassembly at the job site. Included are the vessel bolt-on connection brackets, discharge line bolt-on flanges at the condenser. Touch-up paint and stick-on wire ties will be included. Site disassembly and reassembly must be supervised by Daikin startup personnel.

SECTION 15XXX: MAGNETIC BEARING CENTRIFUGAL CHILLERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A** Section includes design, performance criteria, refrigerants, controls, and installation requirements for water-cooled centrifugal chillers.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A** Comply with the following codes and standards:
- AHRI 550/590
 - AHRI 575
 - NEC
 - ANSI/ASHRAE 15
 - OSHA as adopted by the State
 - ETL
 - ASME Section VIII

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A** Submittals shall include the following:
- 1 Dimensioned plan and elevation view, including required clearances, and location of all field piping and electrical connections.
 - 2 Summaries of all auxiliary utility requirements such as: electricity, water, air, etc. Summary shall indicate quality and quantity of each required utility.
 - 3 Diagram of control system indicating points for field interface and field connection. Diagram shall fully depict field and factory wiring.
 - 4 Manufacturer's certified performance data at full load plus IPLV or NPLV.
 - 5 Installation and Operating Manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A** Regulatory Requirements: Comply with the codes and standards in Section 1.2.
- B** Chiller manufacturer plant shall be ISO Certified.
- C** The chiller shall be tested to job conditions on an AHRI qualified test stand at the manufacturer's plant.

1.5 DELIVERY AND HANDLING

- A** Chillers shall be delivered to the job site completely assembled and charged with refrigerant R-134a and be shipped on skids with a weather resistant cover.
- OR --
- B** Unit shall be bagged and mounted on skids for shipment.
- A** (Type I Knockdown, WME only) The compressor, suction and discharge piping, VFD power panel and touchscreen shall be removed and shipped separately. All wiring and

piping shall remain attached where possible. The remaining loose parts shall be packaged in a separate crate. The unit is to be run-tested at the factory and shipped with a helium holding charge, evaporator insulated and a kit for compressor insulation. Contractor shall leak test, evacuate and charge with refrigerant after reassembly.

--OR--

- A** (Type II Knockdown, WME only) The compressor, VFD power panel, wiring and interconnecting piping shall be removed and shipped separately. The unit shall be run-tested at the factory. The compressor and vessels shall ship with a helium holding charge, the evaporator insulated and a kit for compressor insulation included. Contractor shall leak test, evacuate and charge with refrigerant after reassembly.

--OR--

- A** (Type III Knockdown, WME only) The units shall be shipped fully assembled, factory charged, run-tested, insulated and painted; ready for disassembly at the job site. The unit shall have vessel bolt-on connection brackets, discharge line bolt-on flanges at the condenser, touch-up paint and stick-on wire ties. Site disassembly and reassembly must be factory supervised. Contractor shall leak test, evacuate and charge with refrigerant after reassembly.

--OR--

- B** Comply with the manufacturer's instructions for rigging and transporting units. Leave protective covers in place until installation.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A** The chiller manufacturer's warranty shall cover parts and labor costs for the repair or replacement of defects in material or workmanship [OPTION] including refrigerant for the entire unit, for a period of one year from equipment startup or 18 months from shipment, whichever occurs first, [OPTION] and also include an additional extended warranty for (one OR two OR three OR four) years on (the entire unit) OR (on entire unit including refrigerant coverage) OR (compressor and drive train only). Warranty support shall be provided by company direct or factory authorized service permanently located near the job site.

1.7 MAINTENANCE

- A** Maintenance of the chillers in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations as published in the installation and maintenance manuals, shall be the responsibility of the owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A** Basis of Design - Daikin Magnitude Model WME, including the standard product features and all special features required per the plans and specifications.

- B** Equal Products - Equipment manufactured by [ENTER MANUFACTURER NAME HERE] may be acceptable as an equal. Naming these products as equal does not imply that their standard construction or configuration is acceptable or meets the specifications. Equipment proposed “as equal”, must meet the specifications including all architectural, mechanical, electrical, and structural details, all scheduled performance and the job design, plans and specifications.

2.2 UNIT DESCRIPTION

- A** Provide and install as shown on the plans a factory assembled, charged, and run-tested water-cooled packaged centrifugal chiller. Chillers shall have no more than two oil-free, magnetic bearing, semi-hermetic centrifugal compressors (no exceptions). Each compressor shall have an integrated variable-frequency drive operating in concert with inlet guide vanes for optimized full and part load efficiency. On two-compressor units, the evaporator and condenser refrigerant sides and the expansion valve shall be common and the chiller shall be capable of running on one compressor with the other compressor or any of its auxiliaries inoperable or removed.

Each chiller shall be factory run-tested on an AHRI approved test stand with water at job conditions (excluding glycol applications). Operating controls shall be adjusted and checked. The refrigerant charge shall be adjusted for optimum operation and recorded on the unit nameplate. Units operating with 50-Hz power shall be tested with a 50-Hz power supply. Any deviation in performance or operation shall be remedied prior to shipment and the unit retested if necessary to confirm repairs or adjustments.

2.3 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- A** General: Provide a complete water-cooled, semi-hermetic oil-free centrifugal compressor water chiller as specified herein. The unit shall be meet standards in Section 1.2. In general, unit shall consist of one or two magnetic bearing, completely oil-free centrifugal compressors, refrigerant, condenser and evaporator, and control systems including integrated variable frequency drive, operating controls and equipment protection controls. Chillers shall be charged with refrigerant HFC-134a. If manufacturer offers a chiller using any HCFC refrigerant, manufacturer shall provide, in writing, documentation signed by an officer of the company assuring refrigerant availability and price schedule for a 20-year period.
- B** The entire chiller system, including all pressure vessels, shall remain above atmospheric pressure during all operating conditions and during shut down to ensure that non-condensables and moisture do not contaminate the refrigerant and chiller system.
- If any portion of the chiller system is below atmospheric pressure during either operation or shut down, the manufacturer shall include, at no charge:

- 1 A 20-year purge maintenance agreement that provides parts, labor, and all preventative maintenance required by the manufacturer’s operating and maintenance instructions.
- 2 A complete purge system capable of removing non-condensables and moisture during operation and shut-down.
- 3 The manufacturer shall also include at no charge for a period of 20 years an annual oil and refrigerant analysis report to identify chiller contamination due to vacuum leaks. If the analysis identifies water, acid, or other contaminant levels higher than specified by the manufacturer, the oil and/or refrigerant must be replaced or returned to the manufacturer’s original specification at no cost to the owner.
- 4 The manufacturer shall include a factory-installed and wired system that will enable service personnel to readily elevate the vessel pressure during shutdown to facilitate leak testing.

C Performance: Refer to chiller performance rating.

- D** Acoustics: Sound pressure for the unit shall not exceed the following specified levels. Provide the necessary acoustic treatment to chiller as required. Sound data shall be measured in dB according to AHRI Standard 575 and shall include overall dBA. Data shall be the highest levels recorded at all load points.

Octave Band								Overall dBA
63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	

2.4 CHILLER COMPONENTS

- A** Compressors:

- 1 The unit shall utilize magnetic bearing, oil-free, semi-hermetic centrifugal compressors. The compressor drive train shall be capable of coming to a controlled, safe stop in the event of a power failure.
- 2 The motor shall be of the semi-hermetic type, of sufficient size to efficiently fulfill compressor horsepower requirements. It shall be liquid refrigerant cooled with internal thermal sensing devices in the stator windings. The motor shall be compatible with variable frequency drive operation.
 - a If the compressor design requires a shaft seal to contain the refrigerant, the manufacturer shall supply a 20 year parts and labor warranty on the shaft seal and a lifetime refrigerant replacement warranty if a seal failure leads to refrigerant loss, or the chiller manufacturer shall assume all costs to supply and install a self contained air conditioning system in the mechanical space sized to handle the maximum heat output the open drive motor. The energy required to operate this air conditioning system shall be added to the chiller power at all rating points for energy evaluation purposes.

Engineering Guide Specifications

- b** If the compressor/motor uses any form of antifriction bearing (roller, ball, etc), the chiller manufacturer shall provide the following at no additional charge:
 - a** A 20-year bearing warranty and all preventative maintenance as specified by the manufacturer's published maintenance instructions.
 - b** At start up a three-axis vibration analysis and written report to establish bearing condition baseline.
 - c** An annual three-axis vibration analysis and written report indicating bearing condition.
- 3** The chiller shall be equipped with an integrated Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) to automatically regulate compressor speed in response to cooling load and the compressor pressure lift requirement. Movable inlet guide vanes and variable compressor speed, shall provide unloading. The chiller controls shall coordinate compressor speed and guide vane position to optimize chiller efficiency.
- 4** Each compressor circuit shall be equipped with a line reactor to help protect against incoming power surges and help reduce harmonic distortion.
- 5** [OPTION] WME 500 M2 motor, The chiller shall be equipped with a factory-mounted and wired 460V passive harmonic filter guaranteed to meet the IEEE Standard 519 at an Isc/IL ratio less than 20.

[OPTION] WME 500 M2 motor, The chiller shall be supplied with a 460V or 575V passive harmonic filter shipped loose for field-mounting and wiring. It shall be guaranteed to meet the IEEE Standard 519 at an Isc/IL ratio less than 20.

B Evaporator and Condenser:

- 1** The evaporator and condenser shall be separate vessels of the shell-and-tube type, designed, constructed, tested and stamped according to the requirements of the ASME Code, Section VIII. The tubes shall be individually replaceable and secured to the intermediate supports without rolling.
- 2** The evaporator shall be flooded type with [0.025 in.] OR [0.028 in.] OR [0.035 in.] wall, copper tubes rolled into carbon steel tubesheets. The water side shall be designed for a minimum of [150 psi] OR [250 psi] OR [350 psi]. The evaporator shall have [dished heads] OR [marine water boxes with removable covers] and shall be [carbon steel] OR [epoxy-coated steel]. Water connections shall be [grooved suitable for Victaulic couplings] OR [flanged connections]. The evaporator shall have [right-hand] OR [left-hand] connections when looking at the unit control panel.
- 3** The condenser shall have [0.025 in.] OR [0.028 in.] OR [0.035 in.] wall copper tubes rolled into carbon steel. Water connections shall be [grooved suitable for

Victaulic couplings] OR [flanged]. The water side shall be designed for a minimum of [150 psi] OR [250 psi] OR [350 psi]. The condenser shall have [dished heads with valved drain and vent connections] OR [marine water boxes with removable covers and vent and drain connections]. The condenser shall have [right-hand] OR [left-hand] connections when looking at the unit control panel.

- 4** An electronic expansion valve shall control refrigerant flow to the evaporator. Fixed orifice devices or float controls with hot gas bypass are not acceptable because of inefficient control at low load conditions. The liquid line shall have moisture indicating sight glass.
- 5** Re-seating type spring loaded pressure relief valves according to ASHRAE-15 safety code shall be furnished. The evaporator shall be provided with single or multiple valves. The condenser shall be provided with dual relief valves equipped with a transfer valve so one relief valve can be removed for testing or replacement without loss of refrigerant or removal of refrigerant from the condenser. Rupture disks are not acceptable.
- 6** The evaporator, [return water head] OR [return and connection water heads], suction line, and any other component or part of a component subject to condensing moisture shall be insulated with UL recognized 3/4 inch OR 1 1/2 inch closed cell insulation. All joints and seams shall be carefully sealed to form a vapor barrier. The discharge line shall be factory insulated.
- 7** Provide factory-mounted and wired, thermal-dispersion water flow switches on each vessel to prevent unit operation with no or low water flow.

C Vibrations

- 1** Provide neoprene waffle-type vibration isolators for each corner of the unit.

D Power Connections

- Power connection shall be single point to a factory-mounted disconnect switch OR shall be multipoint to each compressor power panel on two-compressor units.

E Chiller Control

- 1** The unit shall have a microprocessor-based control system consisting of a 15-inch VGA touch-screen operator interface and a unit controller.
- 2** The touch-screen shall display the unit operating parameters, accept setpoint changes (multi-level password protected) and be capable of resetting faults and alarms. The following parameters shall be displayed on the home screen and also as trend curves on the trend screen:

- Entering and leaving chilled water temperatures
 - Entering and leaving condenser water temperatures
 - Evaporator saturated refrigerant pressure
 - Condenser saturated refrigerant pressure
 - Percent of 100% speed (per compressor)
 - % of rated load amps for entire unit
- 3** In addition to the trended items above, all other important real-time operating parameters shall also be shown on the touch-screen. These items shall be displayed on a chiller graphic showing each component. At a minimum, the following critical areas must be monitored:
- Compressor actual speed, maximum speed, percent speed
 - Evaporator water in and out temperatures, refrigerant pressure and temperature
 - Condenser water in and out temperatures, refrigerant pressure and temperature
 - Liquid line temperature
 - Chilled water setpoint
 - Compressor and unit state and input and output digital and analog values
- 4** A fault history shall be displayed using an easy to decipher, color coded set of messages that are date and time stamped. The alarm history shall be downloadable from the unit's USB port. An operating and maintenance manual specific for the unit shall be viewable on the screen.
- 5** All setpoints shall be viewable and changeable (multi-level password protected) on the touch screen and include setpoint description and range of set values.
- 6** Automatic corrective action to reduce unnecessary cycling shall be accomplished through preemptive control of low evaporator or high discharge pressure conditions to keep the unit operating through abnormal transient conditions.
- 7** The chiller shall be capable of cycling and loading up to seven other similar chillers through a local network and also provide automatic control of: evaporator and condenser pumps (primary and standby), up to 3 stages of cooling tower fan cycling control and a tower modulating bypass valve or cooling tower fan variable frequency drive.
- 8** Optionally, the factory mounted controller(s) shall support operation on a BACnet®, Modbus® or LONWORKS® network via one of the data link / physical layers listed below as specified by the successful Building Automation System (BAS) supplier.
- Modbus
 - BACnet MS/TP master (Clause 9)
 - BACnet IP, (Annex J)
 - BACnet ISO 8802-3, (Ethernet)
 - LonTalk® FTT-10A. The unit controller shall be LON-MARK ® certified.
- 9** The information communicated between the BAS and the factory mounted unit controllers shall include the reading and writing of data to allow unit monitoring, control and alarm notification as specified in the unit sequence of operation and the unit points list.
- 10** For chillers communicating over a LONMARK network, the corresponding LONMARK eXternal Interface File (XIF) shall be provided with the chiller submittal data.
- 11** All communication from the chiller unit controller as specified in the points list shall be via standard BACnet objects. Proprietary BACnet objects shall not be allowed. BACnet communications shall conform to the BACnet protocol (ANSI/ASHRAE135-2001). A BACnet Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) shall be provided along with the unit submittal.

2.5. OPTIONAL ITEMS

A The following optional items shall be furnished:

- 1** [Open crate] OR [Open crate with bag] OR [totally enclosed export crate] OR [totally enclosed export crate with bag]
- 2** Pumpout unit, with or without storage vessel
- 3** Refrigerant monitor
- 4** IBC Certification: The chiller shall be certified to the following codes and standards; 2009 IBC, 2010 CBC, ICC-ES AC-156, ASCE 7-05. The chiller must be mounted to a rigid base and may use neoprene pads.
- 5** OSHPD Certification: The chiller shall be OSHPD Pre-Approved per OSP-0116-10 and be so labeled. The chiller shall meet a minimum seismic design spectral response acceleration of 1.60 SDS. The chiller must be mounted to a rigid base and may use neoprene waffle vibration pads.
- 6** Certified performance test in accordance with procedures and to the tolerances contained in AHRI Standard 550/590.
-- OR --
- 6** Witness performance test in accordance with procedures and to the tolerances contained in AHRI Standard 550/590.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A installing contractor to:

- 1** Install per manufacturer's requirements, shop drawings, and contract documents.
- 2** Adjust chiller alignment on foundations, or subbases as called for on drawings.

Engineering Guide Specifications

- 3** Arrange piping to allow for dismantling to permit head removal and tube cleaning.
- 4** Coordinate electrical installation with electrical contractor.
- 5** Coordinate controls with control contractor.
- 6** Provide all material required for a fully operational and functional chiller.

3.2 START-UP

- A** Factory Start-Up Services: Provide for as long a time as is necessary to ensure proper operation of the unit, but in no case for less than two full working days. During the period of start-up, the start-up technician shall instruct the owner's representative in proper care and operation of the unit.

Daikin Training and Development

Now that you have made an investment in modern, efficient Daikin equipment, its care should be a high priority. For training information on all Daikin HVAC products, please visit www.DaikinApplied.com and click on training, or call 540-248-9646 to speak with the Training Department.

Warranty

All Daikin equipment is sold pursuant to its standard terms and conditions of sale, including Limited Product Warranty. Consult your local Daikin Representative for warranty details. To find your local Daikin Representative, go to www.DaikinApplied.com.

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